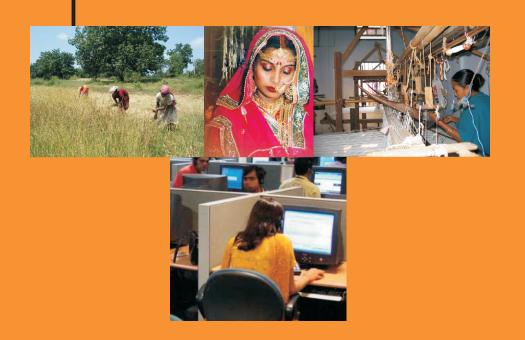
Mainstreaming Gender through India's Foreign Trade Policy

Prof. Rajan Sudesh Ratna



CENTRE FOR WTO STUDIES
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF FOREIGN TRADE
NEW DELHI

Mainstreaming Gender through India's Foreign Trade Policy

by

Rajan Sudesh Ratna

Professor Centre for WTO Studies

Mainstreaming Gender through India's Foreign Trade Policy

Published by

Centre for WTO Studies Indian Institute of Foreign Trade IIFT Bhawan Qutab Institutional Area, New Delhi – 110016 Website: http://wtocentre.iift.ac.in

October 2010

Written by

Professor Rajan Sudesh Ratna Centre for WTO Studies rsratna@nic.in

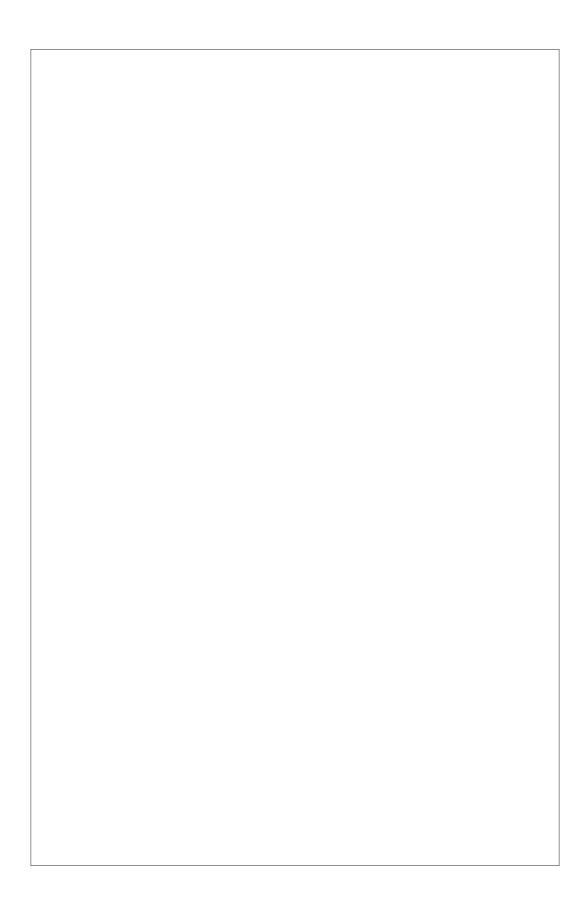
Printed at Apex Printing House, Baba Gang Nath Market, Munirka, New Delhi – 110067

© Author

No portion of this publication may be reproduced in any form. Views expressed in this book are those of the author and not necessarily reflect the views of the Centre.

Table of Contents

Introduction	1
Foreign Trade Policy of India	2
Female Employment in the Organized Manufacturing Sector	12
High Growth Sectors	22
Negative Growth Sectors	23
FTP: Giving the Gender Perspective	23
Recommendations	25
Conclusion	31
Annex – I	33
Annex – II	38
Annex - III	40
Annex – IV	42



Acknowledgement

How trade and gender are linked to each other and how the trade liberalisation impacts the gender differently is a very complex issue, especially in the Indian context. Generally the people working in government are slightly cautious in taking up the new or emerging issues on their own. My exposure to this topic dates some three years back when I was working as a Director in the Regional and Multilateral Trade Relations (RMTR) Division of the Department of Commerce. My reaction to this topic was also no different. However, I was encouraged by Smt. Sarojini Ganju Thakur, who was working in the Commonwealth Secretariat and a pat on my back by my Joint Secretary Shri Rajeet Mitter, now Ambassador to Bangladesh which laid down the foundation of my engagement with this issue. We started with a capacity building programme on the topic in New Delhi.

Later on it was Shri Jayant Dasgupta, Joint Secretary in the Department of Commerce who was instrumental in making me carry forward this agenda in the Department of Commerce. The idea for building a 'positive discrimination' for women entrepreneurs in the Foreign Trade Policy emanated from him. The final shape of this project came up with the active role played by Shri Amarendra Khatua, Joint Secretary, and Dr. Rahul Khullar, present Commerce Secretary, whoat that time was Special Secretary in the Department of Commerce. Under their leadership, the collaboration was built with the Commonwealth Secretariat with a project on "Trade and Gender" in mid – 2008. By then lot many changes have happened.

It was the guidance of Shri G.K.Pillai, the then Commerce Secretary which provided me an insight as to how one needs to look into this issue purely from the point of formulating a gender based trade policy. Despite working for 12 years in the policy formulation of the government, it was his insight which channeled my thinking in the right direction. His advice was simple: recommend certain things which are simple, easily doable and verifiable, and based on real facts

and not assumptions. His mandate was very crisp and clear: "Tell me things that I can do and also tell me why!"

I was greatly benefitted with my discussions that I had with Shri K.T.Chacko, Director, IIFT, Shri R.S.Gujaral, DGFT and Shri D.K.Mittal, Additional Secretary, Trade Policy Division, Department of Commerce. Several debates and doubts have continued to emerge in my mind during the period of this project. I am thankful to my colleagues Shri Ajay Shrivastava, Director (RMTR), Shri O.P.Hisaria, Shri Tapan Majumdar, Shri Anil Singh, Joint DGFTs and Dr. Rashmi Banga, Senior Economist, UNCTAD India Project, for showing their patience and clarifying them one by one and helping me out in this endeavour.

Sine the very beginning when I started working on this issue from 2006, it was the support of my colleagues namely Smt. Santha Thampi and Smt. Geetu Joshi which made it easy for me to dare take this new issue during the fierce FTA negotiations in which I was involved at that time. It would have been impossible for me to have lived upto the expectations of my seniors without their support. I also sincerely acknowledge the support provided by Sonali in helping me during difficult times.

Lastly, I would like to acknowledge the help and support provided by my colleagues in the Centre for WTO Studies namely Dr. Murali Kallummal, Ms. Sangeeta Ghosh and Ms. Snigdha Moitra. It was their effort that I could do the analysis which is there in this paper.

Most of these ideas in this paper have evolved during discussions with several people, including those mentioned above and are not purely mine. However, if there is any shortfall in this paper or in my assessment, the fault is purely mine!

Rajan Sudesh Ratna

October 1, 2010 New Delhi

Preface

Trade Policy in the present globalised world is now no longer a matter relating to the national boundaries. The nations now are required to bind themselves on various issues relating to trade and investments and are thus losing their policy space day by day. It is now affecting the human developmental objectives that a nation sets for itself.

The impact of trade policy on gender is now getting more attention as in most of the cases the impact of trade liberalisation is different on men and women. Economists and the social scientists are now debating whether the trade policy is "gender neutral" or "gender blind". India is also not untouched with this debate and lately some studies have been conducted on this issue.

One of the difficulties associated with doing gender research is a lack of gender-disaggregated data, especially when many female workers are in the home-based or informal sectors and hence invisible in most statistics. This study also suffers from the same limitation when the issue of mainstreaming gender through India's Foreign Trade policy is discussed. The study tries to examine some of the points relating to:

- Whether and how has women's employment been affected in the formal organised sectors?
- How can a woman go up the value chain of the economic activity?
- Have the gender concerns been addressed in the trade policy of India?
- Is there any way of building positive discrimination into the Foreign Trade Policy for gender mainstreaming?

How can one build a gender based Foreign Trade Policy?

A study on this topic was done and a report was submitted to the Department of Commerce, Government of India in 2009. A new five year Foreign Trade Policy was announced on 27 August 2009 and few changes were made in the FTP in August 2010. The study thus needed updation while taking into account the latest developments.

This study focuses on relevant issues in the context of existing Foreign Trade Policy and tries to make such recommendations which are easily implementable and simple to understand. It finally attempts making recommendations how Foreign Trade Policy can be used as a tool for mainstreaming gender. Perhaps some other developing countries can also find some of the recommendations of this study useful to them due to the similarity of situations.

Mainstreaming Gender through India's Foreign Trade Policy

Introduction

In the present globalised world, trade policy is not simply a matter formulated within national borders rather it is dependent upon the outcome of negotiations in various trade agreements.

Trade policy is also directly connected to human development. As more countries increase their trade with others, people's choice are altered with the addition or removal of alternatives that they face. Thus, the challenge that is presented to policy-makers is unraveling the nature of the relationships between globalization, macro-economic policy, development and poverty with a gendered lens.

In recent years the impact of trade policy on gender has received increasing attention. In theory, trade is 'gender-neutral'. Factors of production include 'land', 'labour' and 'owners of business' but not 'men' and 'women'. Trade enhances activities in some sectors, while it diminishes in other. It creates opportunities for certain sectors while some sectors may be adversely affected due to change in the trade policy. This however takes place without the regard for the gender of those who were employed in those sectors. However, it needs to be recognized that trade policies and increased global interaction affects groups of individuals differently.

An assessment of the impact of trade liberalisation on women is important, not only because they represent over half of any population; but also because they face constraints which make them less able to benefit from liberalisation. It is therefore essential for policy makers to understand the gender – related constraints and advantages, so that a better anticipation of results of trade policy changes can be made.

Foreign Trade Policy of India

India is no exception to most of the countries which formulate their Foreign Trade Policy with the objectives of removing poverty through greater economic activity. With the objectives of long term sustainability and transparency in its formulation of export-import policy, Government of India opted for a five year Foreign Trade Policy since 1990s, though a review takes place annually. The current Foreign Trade Policy of India is for the period of 2004-2009, came into effect on 1st September 2004 and is in force till date.

The Foreign Trade Policy visualized the following context and objectives¹:-

"Trade is not an end in itself, but a means to economic growth and national development. The primary purpose is not the mere earning of foreign exchange, but the stimulation of greater economic activity. The Foreign Trade Policy is rooted in this belief and built around two major objectives. These are:

- i. To double our percentage share of global merchandise trade within the next five years; and
- ii. To act as an effective instrument of economic growth by giving a thrust to employment generation."

To fulfill these objectives, certain strategies were defined in the Foreign Trade Policy, one of which is:-

"Identifying and nurturing special focus areas which would generate additional employment opportunities, particularly in semi-urban and rural areas, and developing a series of 'Initiatives' for each of these".

¹ Foreign Trade Policy (2004-2009) as announced on 1st September, 2004.

Several announcements were made at the release of the Annual Supplement to the Foreign Trade Policy 2004-2009 in New Delhi on April 19, 2007. Some of the highlights are:

- "Over the years, India's foreign trade has come to occupy a pivotal position in the economic scenario and prosperity of the country. Exports are no longer means of generating dollars, as was the position in the country during our initial phase of development. Now exports are the engines of growth and the drivers of employment generation. While the remarkable growth in exports which we have witnessed in recent years has contributed immensely to the higher rates of economic growth recorded in the country, our imports have helped modernize the Indian industry and built capacities for enhanced production.
- As the Minister in-charge of the Industry portfolio also, I would consider this as a healthy development, which augurs well for creation of production capacity and employment generation for the future.
- Working for a more inclusive growth process, I am ensuring that the Foreign Trade Policy becomes a vehicle for faster development of our rural areas and of agriculture, on which over 60% of our people still depend for their livelihood. Exports of agriculture products like spices, fruits and vegetables are growing rapidly at 35% to 40% annually.
- Our 'Vishesh Krishi and Gram Udyog Yojana' (VKGUY) is being expanded to include coconut oil, soyabean oil, potato flakes, meals and flours, cardamom, food preparations like soups, sauces, pasta & bakery products, artistic wooden furniture, herbal extracts of forest products, malt and minor forest produce, etc.
- Our handloom and handicraft industries will receive a special focus in this year's Trade Policy, and the new

initiative will provide for tools, machinery and equipment for handicrafts within the present duty-free entitlement ceiling. This would allow these rural-based activities to modernize and scale up operations to meet the market challenges.

- By enlarging and better funding, the VKGUY, FPS, FMS, handloom and handicrafts and the cottage and tiny sectors, our endeavour is to reach out to the over 650 million people who live in the rural areas and whose lives have not been really touched by the process of industrial and services led growth we are currently witnessing. I am of the firm conviction that if our growth has to be sustainable over time, it should not remain urban-centric or be confined to only a few cities and their peripheral areas.
- India's IT sector had so far led the Business Process Outsourcing (BPO) boom and made India one of the leading players in export of services. With increasing competition in the BPO sector emerging from China, East European countries and others, we need to evolve new avenues for exports of services. Knowledge Process Outsourcing (KPO) and Engineering Process Outsourcing (EPO) are fast emerging as the new areas of opportunity.
- Our SEZs are also receiving considerable foreign investments and becoming instruments of employment generation and export promotion. 92 SEZs have been notified till date and 50 of these are at various stages of implementation. Over 18,000 direct jobs have already been created and it is expected that as many as 15 lakh jobs would be created in the SEZs already approved. During the current year, it is expected that an additional investment of over Rs 40,000 crores and 10 lakh jobs would be created in SEZ's."

FTP: 2009-2010: The new five year Foreign Trade Policy (2009 – 2014) was announced by Shri Anand Sharma, Commerce and

Industry Minister, Government of India on 27 August 2009. While noting that the FTP is being announced at a challenging time where the whole world was facing an unprecedented economic slowdown and the year 2009 has witnessed one of the most severe recession, he observed that India's exports have also suffered adversely and hence announcing a FTP was a daunting task. At this occasion, he announced two objectives of FTP:-

- a) To double India's percentage share of global merchandise trade within 5 years; and
- b) Use trade expansion as an effective instrument of economic growth and employment generation.

He further reiterated:

"We would reassure our exporters and provide them adequate confidence to maintain their market presence even in a period of stress. In this policy we have given a special thrust to the employment oriented sectors which have witnessed job losses in the wake of recession especially in the field of textiles, leather, handicrafts, etc."

HIGHLIGHTS OF FOREIGN TRADE POLICY 2009-2014 (August 27, 2009)

Higher Support for Market and Product Diversification

- 1. Incentive schemes under Chapter 3 have been expanded by way of addition of new products and markets.
- 2. 26 new markets have been added under Focus Market Scheme. These include 16 new markets in Latin America and 10 in Asia-Oceania.
- 3. The incentive available under Focus Market Scheme (FMS) has been raised from 2.5% to 3%.

- 4. The incentive available under Focus Product Scheme (FPS) has been raised from 1.25% to 2%.
- 5. A large number of products from various sectors have been included for benefits under FPS. These include, Engineering products (agricultural machinery, parts of trailers, sewing machines, hand tools, garden tools, musical instruments, clocks and watches, railway locomotives etc.), Plastic (value added products), Jute and Sisal products, Technical Textiles, Green Technology products (wind mills, wind turbines, electric operated vehicles etc.), Project goods, vegetable textiles and certain Electronic items.
- 6. Market Linked Focus Product Scheme (MLFPS) has been greatly expanded by inclusion of products classified under as many as 153 ITC(HS) Codes at 4 digit level. Some major products include; Pharmaceuticals, Synthetic textile fabrics, value added rubber products, value added plastic goods, textile made-ups, knitted and crocheted fabrics, glass products, certain iron and steel products and certain articles of aluminium among others. Benefits to these products will be provided, if exports are made to 13 identified markets (Algeria, Egypt, Kenya, Nigeria, South Africa, Tanzania, Brazil, Mexico, Ukraine, Vietnam, Cambodia, Australia and New Zealand).
- 7. MLFPS benefits also extended for export to additional new markets for certain products. These products include auto components, motor cars, bicycle and its parts, and apparels among others.
- 8. A common simplified application form has been introduced for taking benefits under FPS, FMS, MLFPS and VKGUY.
- 9. Higher allocation for Market Development Assistance (MDA) and Market Access Initiative (MAI) schemes is being provided.

Technological Upgradation

10. To aid technological upgradation of our export sector, EPCG Scheme at Zero Duty has been introduced. This Scheme will be available for engineering & electronic products, basic chemicals & pharmaceuticals, apparels & textiles, plastics, handicrafts, chemicals & allied products and leather & leather products (subject to exclusions of current beneficiaries under Technological Upgradation Fund Schemes (TUFS), administered by Ministry of Textiles and beneficiaries of Status Holder Incentive Scheme in that particular year). The scheme shall be in operation till 31.3.2011. 11. Jaipur, Srinagar and Anantnag have been recognised as 'Towns of Export Excellence' for handicrafts; Kanpur, Dewas and Ambur have been recognised as 'Towns of Export Excellence' for leather products; and Malihabad for horticultural products.

EPCG Scheme Relaxations

- 12. To increase the life of existing plant and machinery, export obligation on import of spares, moulds etc. under EPCG Scheme has been reduced to 50% of the normal specific export obligation.
- 13. Taking into account the decline in exports, the facility of Refixation of Annual Average Export Obligation for a particular financial year in which there is decline in exports from the country, has been extended for the 5 year Policy period 2009-14.

Support for Green products and products from North East

14. Focus Product Scheme benefit extended for export of 'green products'; and for exports of some products originating from the North East.

Status Holders

15. To accelerate exports and encourage technological upgradation, additional Duty Credit Scrips shall be given to Status Holders @1% of the FOB value of past exports. The duty

credit scrips can be used for procurement of capital goods with Actual User condition. This facility shall be available for sectors of leather (excluding finished leather), textiles and jute, handicrafts, engineering (excluding Iron & steel & nonferrous metals in primary and intermediate form, automobiles & two wheelers, nuclear reactors & parts, and ships, boats and floating structures), plastics and basic chemicals (excluding pharma products) [subject to exclusions of current beneficiaries under Technological Upgradation Fund Schemes (TUFS)]. This facility shall be available upto 31.3.2011.

16. Transferability for the Duty Credit scrips being issued to Status Holders under paragraph 3.8.6 of FTP under VKGUY Scheme has been permitted. This is subject to the condition that transfer would be only to Status Holders and Scrips would be utilized for the procurement of Cold Chain equipment(s) only.

Stability/continuity of the Foreign Trade Policy

- 17. To impart stability to the Policy regime, Duty Entitlement Passbook (DEPB) Scheme is extended beyond 31-12-2009 till 31.12.2010.
- 18. Interest subvention of 2% for pre-shipment credit for 7 specified sectors has been extended till 31.3.2010 in the Budget 2009-10.
- 19. Income Tax exemption to 100% EOUs and to STPI units under Section 10B and 10A of Income Tax Act, has been extended for the financial year 2010-11 in the Budget 2009-10.
- 20. The adjustment assistance scheme initiated in December, 2008 to provide enhanced ECGC cover at 95%, to the adversely affected sectors, is continued till March, 2010.

Marine sector

- 21. Fisheries have been included in the sectors which are exempted from maintenance of average EO under EPCG Scheme, subject to the condition that Fishing Trawlers, boats, ships and other similar items shall not be allowed to be imported under this provision. This would provide a fillip to the marine sector which has been affected by the present downturn in exports.
- 22. Additional flexibility under Target Plus Scheme (TPS) / Duty Free Certificate of Entitlement (DFCE) Scheme for Status Holders has been given to Marine sector.

Gems & Jewellery Sector

- 23. To neutralize duty incidence on gold Jewellery exports, it has now been decided to allow Duty Drawback on such exports.
- 24. In an endeavour to make India a diamond international trading hub, it is planned to establish "Diamond Bourse (s)".
- 25. A new facility to allow import on consignment basis of cut & polished diamonds for the purpose of grading/ certification purposes has been introduced.
- 26. To promote export of Gems & Jewellery products, the value limits of personal carriage have been increased from US\$ 2 million to US\$ 5 million in case of participation in overseas exhibitions. The limit in case of personal carriage, as samples, for export promotion tours, has also been increased from US\$ 0.1 million to US\$ 1 million.

Agriculture Sector

27. To reduce transaction and handling costs, a single window system to facilitate export of perishable agricultural produce has been introduced. The system will involve creation of multifunctional nodal agencies to be accredited by APEDA.

Leather Sector

- 28. Leather sector shall be allowed re-export of unsold imported raw hides and skins and semi finished leather from public bonded ware houses, subject to payment of 50% of the applicable export duty.
- 29. Enhancement of FPS rate to 2%, would also significantly benefit the leather sector.

Tea

- 30. Minimum value addition under advance authorisation scheme for export of tea has been reduced from the existing 100% to 50%.
- 31. DTA sale limit of instant tea by EOU units has been increased from the existing 30% to 50%.
- 32. Export of tea has been covered under VKGUY Scheme benefits.

Pharmaceutical Sector

- 33. Export Obligation Period for advance authorizations issued with 6-APA as input has been increased from the existing 6 months to 36 months, as is available for other products.
- 34 Pharma sector extensively covered under MLFPS for countries in Africa and Latin America; some countries in Oceania and Far East.

Handloom Sector

35. To simplify claims under FPS, requirement of 'Handloom Mark' for availing benefits under FPS has been removed.

EOUs

36. EOUs have been allowed to sell products manufactured by them in DTA upto a limit of 90% instead of existing 75%,

- without changing the criteria of 'similar goods', within the overall entitlement of 50% for DTA sale.
- 37. To provide clarity to the customs field formations, DOR shall issue a clarification to enable procurement of spares beyond 5% by granite sector EOUs.
- 38. EOUs will now be allowed to procure finished goods for consolidation along with their manufactured goods, subject to certain safeguards.
- 39. During this period of downturn, Board of Approvals (BOA) to consider, extension of block period by one year for calculation of Net Foreign Exchange earning of EOUs.
- 40. EOUs will now be allowed CENVAT Credit facility for the component of SAD and Education Cess on DTA sale.

Thrust to Value Added Manufacturing

- 41. To encourage Value Added Manufactured export, a minimum 15% value addition on imported inputs under Advance Authorization Scheme has now been prescribed.
- 42. Coverage of Project Exports and a large number of manufactured goods under FPS and MLFPS.

DEPB

- 43. DEPB rate shall also include factoring of custom duty component on fuel where fuel is allowed as a consumable in Standard Input-Output Norms. Flexibility provided to exporters
- 44. Payment of customs duty for Export Obligation (EO) shortfall under Advance Authorisation / DFIA / EPCG Authorisation has been allowed by way of debit of Duty Credit scrips. Earlier the payment was allowed in cash only.
- 45. Import of restricted items, as replenishment, shall now be allowed against transferred DFIAs, in line with the erstwhile DFRC scheme.

- 46. Time limit of 60 days for re-import of exported gems and jewellery items, for participation in exhibitions has been extended to 90 days in case of USA.
- 47. Transit loss claims received from private approved insurance companies in India will now be allowed for the purpose of EO fulfillment under Export Promotion schemes. At present, the facility has been limited to public sector general insurance companies only.

Waiver of Incentives Recovery, On RBI Specific Write off

48. In cases, where RBI specifically writes off the export proceeds realization, the incentives under the FTP shall now not be recovered from the exporters subject to certain conditions.

Simplification of Procedures

- 49. To facilitate duty free import of samples by exporters, number of samples/pieces has been increased from the existing 15 to 50. Customs clearance of such samples shall be based on declarations given by the importers with regard to the limit of value and quantity of samples. 50. To allow exemption for up to two stages from payment of excise duty in lieu of refund, in case of supply to an advance authorisation holder (against invalidation letter) by the domestic intermediate manufacturer. It would allow exemption for supplies made to a manufacturer, if such manufacturer in turn supplies the products to an ultimate exporter. At present, exemption is allowed upto one stage only.
- 51. Greater flexibility has been permitted to allow conversion of Shipping Bills from one Export Promotion scheme to other scheme. Customs shall now permit this conversion within three months, instead of the present limited period of only one month.
- 52. To reduce transaction costs, dispatch of imported goods directly from the Port to the site has been allowed under

- Advance Authorisation scheme for deemed supplies. At present, the duty free imported goods could be taken only to the manufacturing unit of the authorisation holder or its supporting manufacturer.
- 53. Disposal of manufacturing wastes / scrap will now be allowed after payment of applicable excise duty, even before fulfillment of export obligation under Advance Authorisation and EPCG Scheme.
- 54. Regional Authorities have now been authorised to issue licences for import of sports weapons by 'renowned shooters', on the basis of NOC from the Ministry of Sports & Youth Affairs. Now there will be no need to approach DGFT(Hqrs.) in such cases.
- 55. The procedure for issue of Free Sale Certificate has been simplified and the validity of the Certificate has been increased from 1 year to 2 years. This will solve the problems faced by the medical devices industry.
- 56. Automobile industry, having their own R&D establishment, would be allowed free import of reference fuels (petrol and diesel), upto a maximum of 5 KL per annum, which are not manufactured in India.
- 57. Acceding to the demand of trade & industry, the application and redemption forms under EPCG scheme have been simplified.

Reduction of Transaction Costs

- 58. No fee shall now be charged for grant of incentives under the Schemes in Chapter 3 of FTP. Further, for all other Authorisations/ licence applications, maximum applicable fee is being reduced to Rs. 100,000 from the existing Rs 1,50,000 (for manual applications) and Rs. 50,000 from the existing Rs.75,000 (for EDI applications).
- 59. To further EDI initiatives, Export Promotion Councils/ Commodity Boards have been advised to issue RCMC

- through a web based online system. It is expected that issuance of RCMC would become EDI enabled before the end of 2009.
- 60. Electronic Message Exchange between Customs and DGFT in respect of incentive schemes under Chapter 3 will become operational by 31.12.2009. This will obviate the need for verification of scrips by Customs facilitating faster clearances.
- 61. For EDI ports, with effect from December '09, double verification of shipping bills by customs for any of the DGFT schemes shall be dispensed with.
- 62. In cases, where the earlier authorization has been cancelled and a new authorization has been issued in lieu of the earlier authorization, application fee paid already for the cancelled authorisation will now be adjusted against the application fee for the new authorisation subject to payment of minimum fee of Rs. 200.
- 63. An Inter Ministerial Committee will be formed to redress/resolve problems/issues of exporters. 64. An updated compilation of Standard Input Output Norms (SION) and ITC (HS) Classification of Export and Import Items has been published.

Directorate of Trade Remedy Measures

65. To enable support to Indian industry and exporters, especially the MSMEs, in availing their rights through trade remedy instruments, a Directorate of Trade Remedy Measures shall be set up.

From these announcements, it is very clear that the focus of the Foreign Trade Policy is to meet the developmental objectives and one of the means to achieve them is through generation of greater employment, focusing on certain priority sectors etc. The Foreign Trade Policy, does not mention explicitly on gender and in that sense would appear 'gender neutral'. However, if one has a careful look at the announcements made by the Commerce and Industry Minister, it would be noticed that the Foreign Trade Policy has focused on such sectors as engines of growth which have a strong gender presence/female employment in India. The focus on the sectors of agriculture, processed food, handloom & handicraft and I.T in this context is important as they have quite a visible presence of female both as a work force / employment and entrepreneurship. Therefore, they are also likely to be benefited, at least equally, if not less, from the various schemes announced in the Foreign Trade Policy.

The Foreign Trade Policy stipulates several export promotional Schemes or initiatives with a view to increase India's percentage share of global trade. Highlights of some of the important Schemes are as in Box – 1.

Box 1: Highlights of Initiatives under FTP (2009-2014)

Special Focus Initiatives

Special Focus Initiatives have been identified for increasing India's percentage share of global trade and expanding employment opportunities. Some of the sectors identified for the purpose are Agriculture and Village Industry, Handlooms, Handicrafts, Gems & Jewellery, Leather and Footwear, Marine Sector, Electronics and IT Hardware Manufacturing Industries, Green Products, North East products, Sports Goods & Toys. Under these initiatives certain additional facilities like special duty credit scrip on specified flowers, fruits & vegetables; additional duty free import entitlements for exports of handloom & handicraft products, gems & jeweler etc. are extended to these sectors.

Served from India Scheme (SFIS)

This Scheme provides for a Duty Credit Scrip for the select Service Providers (listed in Appendix – 10 of Hand Book of Procedure, Vol. 1) with the objectives of accelerating growth in export of Services so as to create a powerful and unique 'Served From India' brand.

Vishesh Krishi and Gram Udyog Yojana (Special Agriculture and Village Industry Scheme)

Duty Credit Scrip benefits are granted to promote of several agricultural, forest, Gram Udyog (village & cottage industries) products with the aim to compensate high transport costs.

Focus Market Scheme

Under this Scheme Duty Credit Scrip is given to the exporters of all products to the notified countries (Appendix – 37C of Hand Book of Procedure, Volume 1) to offset the high freight cost and other externalities to select international markets.

Focus Product Scheme

The exports of select products (notified under Appendix 37 D of Hand Book of Procedure, Volume 1) are entitled for Duty Credit Scrip. Such products have a high export intensity/employment potential to offset infrastructure inefficiencies and other associated costs involved in marketing of these products.

Market Linked Focus Products Scrip (MLFPS)

Such products which are not covered under the FPS list and have high export intensity/employment potential are given the benefit of this scheme for exports made from 27.8.2009 onwards.

Services Exports

The Government has announced facilities for export of Services. The government has also undertaken to promote the establishments of Common Facility Centres for use by home-based service providers with an objective of drawing them into services export arena.

Duty Exemption and Remission Schemes

(I) Duty Exemption Schemes enable duty free import of inputs required for export production. There are different value added criteria prescribed for different Schemes and lesser Value added criteria for the Gems and Jewellary sector. Duty Exemption Schemes consist of:

- (a) *Advance Authorisation:* An Advance Authorisation is issued to allow duty free import of inputs, which are physically incorporated in export product (making normal allowance for wastage). In addition, fuel, oil, energy, catalysts which are consumed / utilised to obtain export product, may also be allowed, and
- (b) *Duty Free Import Authorisation (DFIA)*: DFIA is issued to allow duty free import of inputs, fuel, oil, energy sources, catalyst which are required for production of export product. This scheme is in force from 1st May, 2006). DFIA is freely transferable on completion of exports and minimum value addition required is 20%.
- **(ii) Duty Remission Schemes** enable post export replenishment/ remission of duty on inputs used in export product. Duty Remission Schemes consist of:
- (a) *Duty Entitlement Passbook Scheme* (*DEPB*): Objective of DEPB is to neutralise incidence of customs duty on import content of export product. Component of Special Additional Duty (if CENVAT credit is not available) and customs duty on fuel is also allowed under DEPB Scheme (as brand rate). Neutralization is provided by way of grant of duty credit against export product.
- (b) *Duty Drawback (DBK) Scheme*: Neutralization of indirect tax i.e. Customs duty & Excise duty (Additional Customs Duty) on inputs by way of a specified percentage of the FOB value of exported product which can be either All Industry Rate or a Brand Rate.
- (c) Replenishment Scheme for Gems & Jewellery Sector: Replenishment of duty free inputs is allowed for the precious metal used (including allowable normal wastage) and the precious stones/gemstones (as per REP rate).

EXPORT PROMOTION CAPITAL GOODS (EPCG) SCHEME

EPCG scheme allows import of capital goods for pre production, production and post production (including CKD / SKD thereof as well as computer software systems) at a reduced rate or zero rate of Customs duty subject to fulfillment of export obligation within a prescribed time frame. For agro units, units in cottage or tiny sector as well as small Scale Industries, the export obligation is reduced and the time frame to fulfill the same is longer.

EXPORT ORIENTED UNITS (EOUs), ELECTRONICS HARDWARE TECHNOLOGY PARKS (EHTPs), SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGY PARKS (STPs) AND BIO-TECHNOLOGY PARKS (BTPs)

This Scheme allows for the units which undertake to export their entire production of goods and services (except permissible sales in domestic tariff area i.e. DTA), may be set up under the Export Oriented Unit (EOU) Scheme, Electronic Hardware Technology Park (EHTP) Scheme, Software Technology Park (STP) Scheme or Bio-Technology Park (BTP) Scheme for manufacture of goods, including repair, re-making, reconditioning, re-engineering and rendering of services. Trading units are not covered under these schemes. Such units are entitled to import duty free items required for their activities. The items allowed for imports by State Trading Enterprises can be directly imported by them.

DEEMED EXPORTS

"Deemed Exports" refers to those transactions in which goods supplied do not leave country, and payment for such supplies is received either in Indian rupees or in free foreign exchange. They are also given the benefits of duty neutralization scheme.

Market Access Initiative (MAI)

Under the Scheme financial assistance is provided ranging from 25% to 100% of total cost relating to various activities like market studies, publicity campaigns, participation in international trade fairs.

Marketing Development Assistance (MDA)

MDA is available for exporters with annual export turnover upto Rs. 15 Crores and financial assistance is provided for various activities.

Export and Trading Houses

A criterion is prescribed for determining the eligibility of status holders. The status Holders are eligible for several facilities including authorization and customs clearances for both imports & exports on self declaration basis, 100% retention of foreign exchange in EEFC account etc.

It will be quite apparent from the above that the FTP may though appear to be gender neutral, but it does provide the opportunity to mainstream the gender, especially if one looks at the provision relating to Services Exports under para 3.11.3 of the Policy. The commitment of Government to promote establishing Common Facility Centres for use by home-based service providers, particularly in areas like engineering & architecture design, multi-media operations, software developers etc. in State and District-level towns to draw in a vast multitude of home based professionals into services exports arena is one such example. It is only this provision, however, that explicitly mentions about facilitating the home-based service providers which is mainly addressed to the female employees. More provisions like this, to provide such incentives to a large female employment based industries, are required to be built in the new FTP in order to mainstream the gender in the Indian economy.

Female employment in India

In order to focus on gender, one would be required to look at the sectors which have a very strong presence of female employment. As per the statistics published by the Directorate General of Employment & Training, Ministry of labour the female employment in the organised sector in 1997 was only 16.4%, a gain from 0.6% from 1995. Distribution of female employment reveals concentration in community, social and personal services - whereas lowest female employment has been recorded in electricity, gas & water sectors. Women workers constitute 52% of plantation workers, 6% in mine and 12% in factories. On the other hand women in the informal sector account for more than 90%. According to NSSO (1998) data around 87% of the working women are engaged in primary sector and 4% and 8% in the secondary and tertiary sectors. An overall scenario of women workforce in India can be summarized as below (see Box-2):-

BOX 2: Women's Work in India -Invisible, Unrecognized and Unremunerated

- > India has 397 million workers
 - · 123.9 million are women
 - · 106 million are in rural areas
 - · 18 million are in urban areas
- Only 7% of India's labour force is in the organized sector; 93% is in unorganized, informal sector
 - 96% of women workers are in unorganized sector
- > Female work participation rate (WPR) has increased from 19.7% in 1981 to 25.7% in 2001
 - · In rural areas female WPR has increased from 23.1% to 31%
 - In urban areas it has increased from 8.3% to 11.6%
- But women reported as non workers in the census found to be spending 4 hours a day picking, sowing, grazing cattle, threshing, or working as domestic servants for 8-10 hours a day!
- ILO methodological studies indicate that measured female labourforce activity rates rose radically with a wider definition of "economic activity" to cover informal sector and non-market activities from 13% to 88% in India

Source: WMD Ministry Report of the Working Group on Empowerment of Women for the XI Plan

Female Employment in the Organized Manufacturing Sector²

The engendering of the Foreign Trade Policy cannot be done without identifying the sectors where the female employment is high. This is important so that appropriate schemes with a "positive discrimination for gender" are devised which address the issue in right perspective. The engendering of the Foreign Trade Policy can be done at two levels:

- (a) At the sectoral level here there is a very strong presence of female employment or women workforce; such a scheme will be beneficial not only for the employment per se but the sector as a whole as well; and
- (b) At an entrepreneur level where the entrepreneur is a woman, such schemes will encourage the women to become an entrepreneur and give them an opportunity to go up the value chain in the overall economic activity.

While the FTP addresses indirectly and in a very limited way, the issue of engendering the incentives at a sectoral level which can help the female employees; it does not provide any incentive to a woman entrepreneur, thereby denying the business-women an opportunity to move up the value chain. The FTP therefore would need to address both these issues.

In order to examine the female employment and identification of sectors where they have a strong presence, the CSO data was used. The study has one big limitation in this regard, as the CSO data covers only the organised sector. The findings and recommendations therefore, are limited only to the organised sector and it does not take into account the

² Data source: Annual Survey of industries, CSO.

unorganized sector, where the presence of female employment may be much higher and dominant.

The Annual Survey of Industries covers all factories registered under sections 2m (i) and 2m (ii) of the Factories Act, 1948. The sections 2m (i) and 2m (ii) refer to any premises:

- (a) whereon ten or more workers are working, or were working on any day of the preceding twelve months, and in any part of which a manufacturing process is being carried on with the aid of power, or is ordinarily so carried on; or
- (b) whereon twenty or more workers are working or were working on any day of the preceding twelve months, and in any part of which a manufacturing process is being carried on without the aid of power, or is ordinarily so carried on.

The data from 2000 – 2001 to 2003 – 2004 was used as per the classification of National Industrial Classification (NIC) 1998 whereas the data for 2004-05 is as per NIC 2004. This was concorded using appropriate concordance table by NIC 1998. Since the NIC data uses three digit level codes which are different than the Harmonised System of Nomenclature (used by DGFT and Customs); a concordance matrix was constructed by matching the 3-digit NIC classification with the 6-digit HS classification. The ASI data reports the following sectors at the three-digit level:

Table 1

NIC 98 code	Nomenclature
140	Agricultural and animal husbandry service activities, except veterinary activities.
142	Mining and quarrying, n.e.c.
151 to 372	Organized Manufacturing
401 to 930	Services ³

The detailed 3 digit NIC classification for manufacturing sector is given at **Annex - I**.

This sector includes the following: Electricity, Gas, Steam and Hot Water Supply; Collection, Purification and Distribution of Water; Repair of Motor Vehicles, Wholesale Trade and Commission Trade, except of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles; Supporting and Auxiliary Transport Activities, Activities of Travel Agencies and Commission Trade, except of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles; Computer and Related Activity; Research and Development; Business Activities; Sewage and Refuge Disposal, Sanitation and Similar Activities; Sewage and Refuse Disposal, Sanitation and Similar Activities; Activities of Membership Organisations n.e.c; Recreational, Cultural and Sporting Activities and Other Service Activities. The disaggregated data for this sector was not available with me.

Based on the ASI data, an average employment of male and female for the period 2000-2001 to 2004-2005 was calculated. A summary of the same is at Table – 2 below:

Table 2

NIC 1998		tage of rs to directly yed workers	Percentage of sectoral female employment in aggregate female employment
	Male	Female	(all sectors)
Agricultural and animal husbandry service activities, except veterinary activities	60.47	39.53	2.73
Mining and quarrying , n.e.c.	87.22	12.78	0.03
Organized Manufacturing	80.69	19.30	97.14
Services	98.64	1.35	0.10
All	80.67	19.32	100

From the above, it may be seen at an aggregate all-India level average during the period 2000-2001 to 2004-2005 that while men workforce comprised 80.67% of directly employed workers, the female employment was only 19.32% in all the sectors covered by the Annual Survey of Industries. Agriculture and animal husbandry reported 39.53% female employment, mining and quarrying had 12.78% and the manufacturing sector which constitutes the bulk of the organized sector had only 19.3% female employment. It was also observed that 40 lakhs men were employed in the organized sector at an all-India level in 2000-01 which fell to 38.63 lakhs by 2004-05. During the same period, the female employment rose from 8.81 lakhs to 9.87 lakhs and observed a CAGR of 2.3%.

Year wise compilation of female employment was done as per the 3 digit NIC data. Some of the sectors having strong female employment are shown in Table 3 on the next page.

It may be seen that at an aggregate level, women employment increased by 12.07% from 2000-01 to 2004-05, while in case of organized manufacturing sector, it saw a higher growth of 13.38%. During the period, the following sectors saw a huge growth in female employment:

- (i) Manufacture of knitted and crocheted fabrics and articles 123.69% (NIC-173),
- (ii) manufacture of other textiles 87.29% (NIC-172), and
- (iii) Manufacture of other products n.e.c. 55.60% (NIC-369).

It may also be observed that a decline in total number of female employment was seen in the following sectors:

- (i) Agricultural and animal husbandry service activities, except veterinary activities (-)23.58% (NIC-140),
- (ii) Manufacture of grain mill products, starches and starch products and prepared animal feeds (-)13.22% (NIC-153), and
- (iii) Manufacture of other chemical products (-) 6.42% (NIC-242).

Table 3 Female employment in organized manufacturing (in numbers)

	I	emale empl	loyment in c	organized n	nanufacturin	Female employment in organized manufacturing (in numbers)		
NIC Code*	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	Average women employment	Percentage change in women employment from 2000-01 to 2004-05	
All	881165	950688	929747	894991	987499	916492	12.07	
Sectors 151 to 372	848122	860826	906747	874168	961603	890293	13.38	
154	172976	174613	157554	186951	192941	177007	11.54	
181	169081	156429	161246	181610	200129	173699	18.36	
160	102634	135966	132436	105679	116451	118633	13.46	
242	89055	81370	84265	77509	83340	83108	-6.42	
171	73207	73369	77157	83458	92657	29970	26.57	
569	22322	20662	83364	20678	22708	33947	1.73	
173	18849	14486	21906	31425	42163	25766	123.69	

		_		_	
-13.22	-23.58	98.96	25.60	19.48	87.29
25013	25008	24041	18158	12015	11589
24330	24114	24872	21322	14312	15708
21663	19528	21690	18936	11103	11760
23963	22258	21379	17985	12453	10401
27070	27588	29521	18844	10228	11687
28037	31553	22744	13703	11979	8387
153	140	192	698	151	172
	28037 27070 23963 21663 24330 25013	28037 27070 23963 21663 24330 25013 31553 27588 22258 19528 24114 25008	28037 27070 23963 21663 24330 25013 31553 27588 22258 19528 24114 25008 22744 29521 21379 21690 24872 24041	28037 27070 23963 21663 24330 25013 31553 27588 22258 19528 24114 25008 22744 29521 21379 21690 24872 24041 13703 18844 17985 18936 21322 18158	28037 27070 23963 21663 24330 25013 31553 27588 22258 19528 24114 25008 22744 29521 21379 21690 24872 24041 13703 18844 17985 18936 21322 18158 11979 10228 12453 11103 14312 12015

(* - See Annex - I for details of the NIC Codes)

The average percentage of female and male workers in directly employed workers was calculated. Again the average of the five years period was taken. The average female employment in various sectors as a percentage of aggregate female employment was also calculated to look at the sectoral share of female employment in aggregate female employment. A summary of the same is as below:

Table 4

NIC '98	Percentage of female workers to directly employed workers	Percentage of male workers to directly employed workers	Percentage of sectoral female employment in aggregate female employment
160	66.89	33.10	12.94
181	60.88	39.11	18.95
140	39.53	60.47	2.73
192	36.80	63.20	2.62
154	36.18	63.77	19.31
333	34.13	65.87	0.35
173	31.56	68.43	2.81
323	31.27	68.73	0.54
242	30.46	69.54	9.07
182	29.10	70.90	0.02
372	28.07	71.93	0.01
321	27.94	72.06	0.87
201	27.34	72.53	0.22
369	24.23	75.74	1.98
191	23.78	76.22	0.93

NIC '98	Percentage of female workers to directly employed workers	Percentage of male workers to directly employed workers	Percentage of sectoral female employment in aggregate female employment
332	23.63	76.37	0.09
300	19.85	80.15	0.18
172	19.11	80.88	1.26
322	19.09	80.91	0.27
151	18.62	81.38	1.31
223	17.52	82.48	0.02
319	17.37	82.63	0.30
153	17.14	82.85	2.73
315	16.18	83.81	0.24
269	14.92	85.07	3.70
331	13.05	86.95	0.35
142	12.78	87.22	0.03
155	11.03	88.97	0.48
312	10.37	89.63	0.32
171	10.11	89.89	8.73
222	8.95	91.05	0.41
252	8.90	91.07	0.94
293	8.89	91.11	0.19
210	8.27	91.73	0.91
314	7.89	92.11	0.09
202	7.01	92.99	0.19
251	6.91	93.09	0.55

NIC '98	Percentage of female workers to directly employed workers	Percentage of male workers to directly employed workers	Percentage of sectoral female employment in aggregate female employment
231	6.30	93.70	0.12
261	4.81	95.19	0.16
311	4.60	95.40	0.20
343	4.51	95.49	0.54
221	3.84	96.16	0.10

From Table 4, we see that two sectors namely, manufacture of tobacco products (160) and manufacture of wearing apparel, except fur apparel (181) have a much higher proportion of female employment than male employment in directly employed workers. These sectors have a very strong women employment. It may also be seen that 69% of the aggregate female employment is concentrated in the following sectors:

- (i) Manufacture of other food products (154),
- (ii) Manufacture of wearing apparel, except fur apparel (181),
- (iii) Manufacture of tobacco products (160),
- (iv) Manufacture of other chemical products (242) and
- (v) Spinning, weaving and finishing of textiles (171)

It may also be noted that since the sector Spinning, weaving and finishing of textiles (171) is highly labour intensive, in absolute numbers the sectoral employment of women workers is high(refer Table 3) and has seen a positive growth, although it employs only 10.11% of female workers as a percentage of directly employed workers.

Some of the sectors that are important from the gender perspective as they have a significant proportion of female employment (more than 25%) are:

- (i) Agricultural and animal husbandry service activities, except veterinary activities (140) 39.53%;
- (ii) Manufacture of footwear (192) 36.8%;
- (iii) Manufacture of other food products (154) 36.18%;
- (iv) Manufacture of watches and clocks (333) 34.13%;
- (v) Manufacture of knitted and crocheted fabrics and articles (173) 31.56%;
- (vi) Manufacture of television and radio receivers, sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus and associated goods (323) 31.27%;
- (vii) Manufacture of other chemical products (242) 30.46%;
- (viii) Recycling of non-metal waste and scrap (372) 28.07%;
- (ix) Manufacture of electronic valves and tubes & other electronic components (321) 27.94%; and
- (x) Saw milling and planing of wood (201) 27.34%.

In doing this analysis it was also found that the belief that in India the higher percentage of female employment is seen in the labour intensive industries is true.

During the same period it was also observed that certain sectors have wide fluctuations in female employment as a percentage of directly employed workers. These are noted below:

Table 5

NIC 98	Percentage of female workers to directly employed workers				
	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
142	6.15	0.35	0.91	21.07	24.63
182	68.02	2.53	3.56	5.09	0.73
223	20.89	31.55	11.23	17.93	5.54

From the above it would be clear that while the sectors Mining and quarrying, n.e.c. (142) saw a huge increase in female employed from 2003 – 2004, sector like Dressing and dyeing of fur, Manufacture of articles of fur (182), saw a significant decline in the percentage of female employment with regard to total employed workers. This sector saw a decline from 68% to 0.73%. Similarly, Reproduction of recorded media (223) saw a mixed trend. The female employment rose to 31.55% in 2001-02, which fell drastically to 5.54 by 2004-05.

High Growth Sectors

An analysis of the sectors which saw an increase in the percentage of female employment as a proportion of directly employed workers from 2000-01 to 2004-05 was made. Such sectors where an increase by 2% or more was observed as well as those having a significant proportion of female employment (20% or more in 2000-01 or 2004-05) were identified. The details of such sectors are at **Annex – II**. It was observed that the Sectors that saw high Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) in percentage of female employment to directly employed workers were:

- (i) Mining and quarrying (142) by 31.99%,
- (ii) Manufacture of other electrical equipment (319) by 10.42%,

- (iii) Manufacture of optical instruments and photographic equipment (332) by 8.34%, and
- (iv) Manufacture of other Textile (172) by 8.20%.

Negative Growth Sectors

There were a few sectors that saw a decrease in the percentage of female employment as a proportion of directly employed workers from 2000-01 to 2004-05. The details of such sectors are at **Annex - III**. The following Sectors saw negative CAGR in percentage of female employment to directly employed workers:

- (i) Dressing and dyeing of fur; manufacture of articles of fur (182) by (-)59.59%,
- (ii) Reproduction of recorded media (223) by (-) 23.31%,
- (iii) Manufacture of television and radio receivers, sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus, and associated goods (323) by (-) 9.6%, and
- (iv) Manufacture of office, accounting and computing machinery (300) by (-) 6.93%.

FTP: Giving the Gender Perspective

The present Foreign Trade Policy does indeed provide for several facilities for the sectors which have a strong gender presence in terms of employment. Such facilities are, however, available only to the entrepreneurs or exporters and whether these benefits are passed on to the employees or not is a debatable issue. In future Foreign Trade Policies, it would be essential to have certain provisions which have this 'gender element' and such provisions needs to be explicit.

For any Foreign Trade Policy to have a gender perspective it would be necessary that the additional facilities provided must be passed on to the women employees. Another point that needs to be kept in mind relates to the additional facilities that could be given to 'Women Entrepreneurs'. Such facilities, unless are more favourable than the general or normal facilities will not be able to give a gender dimension to the FTP. It would therefore be necessary to have some "positive discrimination" based facilities which are given to women. Therefore, it would be important to have facilities under the FTP; which provides additional benefits to:

- (i) Women entrepreneurs;
- (ii) Industries with large women workforce/female employment, and
- (iii) Such industries where the female employment has seen a significant decline over the years.

It is recognised that making a Foreign Trade Policy is a complex phenomena. Though formulating the FTP is the work of Directorate General of Foreign Trade, Department of Commerce, however devising the Schemes it needs to have consultations with some other Ministries/Departments and

only when a consensus is reached the Schemes can be implemented. This at times, acts as a deterrent to implement some new ideas and thereby new Schemes as well. The Gendered Foreign Trade Policy in India can also meet the same challenge as there are not significant trade policies devised by other nations. However, India is not new to Gender based budgeting or the gender based railways schemes which provide a "positive discrimination" to women and have already been an established norm in India.

In this regard, therefore it is felt strongly that time has come when a gender based Foreign Trade Policy in India is devised. Since the FTP is revised and amended from time to time, it would be essential that certain Schemes are devised with the gender in mind. This will not only encourage the sectors to perform better but also be in line with the government's charter towards social upliftment of women and mainstreaming the gender into Indian economy.

Recommendations

As stated earlier that the formulating FTP needs building consensus with other Government agencies, the recommendations are made in two parts so that they can be implemented:

- (i) Those which are within the domain of Department of Commerce and it does not need any clearance from other Departments/Ministries; and
- (ii) Those where a consensus building will be required.

It is essential that only such recommendations are made which are not only simple but can as well be implemented in a fixed timeframe. Therefore the recommendations are made covering the above elements and are easily implementable as well.

As stated earlier, there are several issues that are purely within the domain of Department of Commerce and it does not require clearances from other agencies to implement them. In this regard, the following recommendations are made to be incorporated in the new Foreign Trade Policy:

Waiver of fee for IEC No.

For any activity relating to export and import, a person or enterprise requires an Importer Exporter Code (IEC) Number that is issued by the Zonal/Regional Licensing Offices of DGFT. With the application form a licensing fee of Rs. 1000.00 is to be deposited. In future FTPs, the Government can consider waiving off this fee, partly or fully for Women Entrepreneurs. This facility could be extended to only such firms/companies which are either fully owned by a women (sole Proprietor) or to such Partnership Firms or Limited Companies where a woman/women hold at least 51% share/equity. Such a

provision in FTP will encourage women to become entrepreneurs and become a part of decision making in international business.

Higher financial assistance under MAI Scheme

Under the MAI Scheme financial assistance from Government is provided for medium term export promotion efforts. This Scheme is purely governed by the Department of Commerce. A large number of activities are funded under this Scheme including participation in international trade fairs. In this regard, the Government can consider the following:

- (i) Give a higher percentage of financial assistance to Women Entrepreneurs for their participation in international trade fairs. This facility can be extended to such women entrepreneurs who are either sole Proprietor of the firm/company or who hold at least 50% equity/share. For them financial assistance of 75-100% for their travel can be considered.
- (ii) Provide higher financial support for various activities under MAI to such manufacturer exporters which have more than 60% women employees in their factories. In order to make it meaningful this facility could be extended to only those who have employed a minimum number of 50 employees in their units. In order to avoid any misuse of this facility the Government can consider these applications being routed through the Labour C o m m i s s i o n e r s / D i s t r i c t I n d u s t r i e s Centers/Development Commissioners etc.
- (iii) The Government can also consider allocating a fixed amount of money out of the total budget of MAI Scheme which should be given to only Women Entrepreneurs. To begin with, this amount could be 20% of the total MAI budget of each year. This amount can be used for several

activities relating to market studies on sectors that have a high women employment in India, for setting up of showrooms/warehouses for a women entrepreneur, testing/registrationcharges etc.

Lower threshold under MDA Scheme

Under the MDA Scheme financial assistance is provided to exporters with annual export turnover upto Rs. 15 Crores. These assistances are provided for a range of export promotion activities. It is recommended that the threshold of Rs. 15 Crores be reduced for women entrepreneurs as well as those sectors which have a high percentage of female employment. The sectors could be those relating to the one which have been identified in this paper (in the preceding chapter) as well as such factories which have atleast 60% women employment.

Full support for brand promotion, quality and test houses

The FTP provides for supporting the manufacturers and exporters for making them attain internationally accepted standards of quality for their products as well as aims in assisting them in modernization and upgradation of test houses and laboratories to bring them at par with international standard. How much success this facility achieved, however, is not known. It has been recognised that the non-tariff barriers in the form of various standards are increasing day by day and it is becoming difficult for the exporters to continue with their exports. The sectors which have a large female employment is more vulnerable and the female employment is likely to be more adversely affected due to these non-tariff measures. It is therefore necessary that such sectors which have a large percentage of female workers or such factories which have a large proportion of female workers be identified as priority areas to provide full financial assistance to upgrade them so that they can attain internationally accepted standards. Government should also consider providing full financial assistance for building test houses and laboratories at such places/areas where high female employed factories are located.

Lower threshold for Status Holders

The FTP provides for certain criteria for categorization of Export House, Trading House etc. The FTP also provides for certain categories to be given a Double Weightage for calculation of the status. A similar facility of being given a Double Weightage can be considered for such Units which employ more than 50% women in their factories. This will encourage the business entrepreneurs to employ more women in their factories and thus providing better opportunities for their employment.

Give priority to applications made by a Woman Entrepreneur

The FTP provides for certain timelines within which different categories of applications are to be disposed off. It would be worth considering giving a priority status to the applications made by women entrepreneurs. In cases of minor deficiencies, their applications may not be rejected, rather applications be considered favourably and ex-post facto compliance may be allowed.

The FTP has several schemes which have evolved on the basis of consultations with the industry as well as other Departments/Ministries. Since such Schemes have revenue implications, they cannot be implemented without the concurrence of the Department of Revenue (DoR). In past there have been instances where the FTP has announced a Scheme but since a related notification was not issued by the DoR, they could not be implemented. This part relates to such recommendations where the DGFT will have to take DoR on board before implementing them. These recommendations are:

Provide higher assistance to gender based products under various Schemes

As stated in preceding section, the FTP provides for several incentives to be given to different categories of exporters for different Schemes e.g. Vishesh Krishi and Gram Udyog Yojana, Focus Product Scheme etc. Under these Schemes Duty Credit Scrip are issued to exporters on the basis of pre-determined rates on various products that have been notified under different Appendices of Hand Book of Procedure Vol.1 (e.g. 37A, 37 D etc.). Since the incentives under FTP are based on the HS Codes and Description and the above analysis has been done on the NIC classification, for the ease of the policy makers, a concordance table of the NIC classification and the HS classification is given at **Annex – IV**. In order to encourage the industries which have more female employment, the following recommendations are made:

- (i) Gender products be included in the list of items on which these incentives be given. Such items are also included in where over the years the employment has declined (*identified at Tables 3 & 4 & to be included at appropriate Appendices of HBP v1*); and
- (ii) An additional benefit of 1% can be considered to be given to such gender products.

Provide higher assistance under Focus Market Scheme

The Focus Market Scheme provides that the exporters will be given a Duty Credit Scrip equivalent to 2.5% of the FOB value of exports. For such industries that have employed more than 50% of female employment, they can be given 1% additional entitlement.

Conclusion

According to economists, trade is beneficial for all parties as it leads to each actor focusing on their strengths. In the developing world, labor is the most abundant factor and therefore it is generally predicted that labor intensive industries would be located there. It is also recognised that trade policies have far reaching consequences, but it should be noted that these policies will have different implications for men and women, and equally among men and women of different castes, classes, regions, etc. A gender perspective is therefore needed to understand fully the hindrances that unequal gender relations place on enhanced development through trade-stimulated economic growth.

In India there is a dearth of both empirical and theoretical work on the impact of trade on women. While some efforts have been made recently in this regard and some studies have been initiated by UNCTAD India, CUTS, IIFT, GATI etc.; further work is needed to be carried out to understand fully the linkages between trade and gender and the impact of trade libearlisation on gender in India.

While this would be a continuous process, it is also essential that the mere recognition of the fact that the trade libearlisation impacts male and female differently calls for some gender based Foreign Trade Policy. Such policy could be in various forms and the easiest is to provide some additional benefits to the gender dominated industries. India enjoys the leader's status amongst the developing countries and such a recognition by the Government by way of a new Foreign trade Policy with gender prescription will not only encourage the Indian women entrepreneurs and the sectors with huge women workforce, but would also set an example for other developing countries to replicate the successful examples.

Annex - I

National Industrial Classification - 1998

140	Agricultural and animal husbandry service activities, except veterinary activities. [This class includes specialized activities, on a fee or contract basis, mostly performed on the farm.]
142	Mining and quarrying, n.e.c.
151	Production, processing and preservation of meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats.
152	Manufacture of dairy products (production of raw milk is classified in class (121)
153	Manufacture of grain mill products, starches and starch products and prepared animal feeds.
154	Manufacture of other food products
155	Manufacture of beverages
160	Manufacture of tobacco products [tobacco related products are also included while preliminary processing of tobacco leaves is classified in class 0111]
171	Spinning, weaving and finishing of textiles.
172	Manufacture of other textiles
173	Manufacture of knitted and crocheted fabrics and articles
181	Manufacture of wearing apparel, except fur apparel [this class includes manufacture of wearing apparel made of material not made in the same unit. Both regular and contract activities are included]
182	Dressing and dyeing of fur; manufacture of articles of fur
191	Tanning and dressing of leather, manufacture of luggage handbags, saddlery & harness
192	Manufacture of footwear
201	Saw milling and planing of wood

- 202 Manufacture of products of wood, cork, straw and plaiting materials
- 210 Manufacture of paper and paper product
- Publishing [This group includes publishing whether or not connected with publishing. Publishing involves financial, technical, artistic, legal and marketing activities, among others but not predominantly]
- 222 Printing and service activities related to printing
- 223 Reproduction of recorded media [This class includes reproduction of records, audio, video and computer tapes from master copies, reproduction of floppy, hard or compact disks, reproduction of non-customised software and film duplicating]
- 231 Manufacture of coke oven products [This class includes the operation of coke ovens chiefly for the production of coke or semi-coke from hard coal and lignite, retort carbon and residual products such as coal tar or pitch. Agglomeration of coke. Distillation of coal tar is classified in class 2411.]
- 232 Manufacture of refined petroleum products
- Processing of nuclear fuel [includes extraction of uranium metal from pitchblende or other uranium bearing ores; manufacture of alloys, dispersions or mixtures of natural uranium or its compounds; manufacture of enriched uranium and its compounds; plutonium and its compounds; uranium depleted in U 235 and its compounds; other radioactive elements, isotopes or compounds; and, non-irradiated fuel elements for use in nuclear reactors]
- 241 Manufacture of basic chemicals
- 242 Manufacture of other chemical products
- 243 Manufacture of man-made fibers [This class includes manufacture of artificial or synthetic filament and non-filament fibers.]
- 251 Manufacture of rubber products

- 252 Manufacture of plastic products
- 261 Manufacture of glass and glass products
- 269 Manufacture of non-metallic mineral products n.e.c.
- 271 Manufacture of Basic Iron & Steel
- 272 Manufacture of basic precious and non-ferrous metals
- 273 Casting of metals [This group includes casting finished or semi-finished products producing a variety of goods, all characteristic of other activity classes]
- 281 Manufacture of structural metal products, tanks, reservoirs and steam generators
- 289 Manufacture of other fabricated metal products; metal working service activities
- 291 Manufacture of general purpose machinery
- 292 Manufacture of special purpose machinery
- 293 Manufacture of domestic appliances, n.e.c.
- 300 Manufacture of office, accounting and computing machinery
- 311 Manufacture of electric motors, generators and transformers
- Manufacture of electricity distribution and control apparatus [electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits (e.g. switches, fuses, voltage limiters, surge suppressors, junction boxes etc.) for a voltage exceeding 1000 volts; similar apparatus (including relays, sockets etc.) for a voltage not exceeding 1000 volts; boards, panels, consoles, cabinets and other bases equipped with two or more of the above apparatus for electricity control or distribution of electricity including power capacitors.]
- Manufacture of insulated wire and cable [insulated (including enamelled or anodized) wire, cable (including coaxial cable) and other insulated conductors; insulated strip as is used in large capacity machines or control equipment; and optical fibre cables]

46	Mainstreaming Gender through India's Foreign Trade Policy		
372	Recycling of non-metal waste and scrap		
371	Recycling of metal waste and scrap		
369	Manufacturing n.e.c.		
361	Manufacture of furniture		
359	Manufacture of transport equipment n.e.c.		
353	Manufacture of aircraft and spacecraft		
352	Manufacture of railway and tramway locomotives and rolling stock		
351	Building and repair of ships & boats		
343	Manufacture of parts and accessories for motor vehicles and their engines [brakes, gear boxes, axles, road wheels, suspension shock absorbers, radiators, silencers, exhaust pipes, clutches, steering wheels, steering columns and steering boxes and other parts and accessories n.e.c.]		
342	Manufacture of bodies (coach work) for motor vehicles; manufacture of trailers and semi-trailers		
341	Manufacture of motor vehicles		
333	Manufacture of watches and clocks		
332	Manufacture of optical instruments and photographic equipment		
331	Manufacture of medical appliances and instruments and appliances for measuring, checking, testing, navigating and other purposes except optical instruments		
323	Manufacture of television and radio receivers, sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus, and associated goods		
322	Manufacture of television and radio transmitters and apparatus for line telephony and line telegraphy		
321	Manufacture of electronic valves and tubes and other electronic components		
319	Manufacture of other electrical equipment n.e.c.		
315	Manufacture of electric lamps and lighting equipment		
314	Manufacture of accumulators, primary cells and primary batteries		

Annex – II
Female Employment: Sectors showing high growth

NIC 1998	Percentage of female employment to directly employed workers		Compound Annual Growth Rate
	2000-01	2004-05	
Mining and quarrying, n.e.c. (142)	6.15	24.63	31.99
Manufacture of other electrical equipment n.e.c.(319)	15.06	24.72	10.42
Manufacture of optical instruments and photographic equipment (332)	18.97	28.31	8.34
Manufacture of other Textile (172)	15.06	22.33	8.20
Manufacture of knitted and crocheted fabrics and articles (173)	29.11	35.09	3.81
Manufacture of other food products (154)	33.82	40.14	3.49
Manufacture of tobacco products [tobacco related products are also included while preliminary processing of tobacco leaves is classified in class 0111] (160)	61.73	67.90	1.92
Manufacture of electronic valves and tubes and other electronic components (321)	27.29	29.53	1.59

 $\label{lem:annex-III} Annex-III$ Female Employment: Sectors showing negative growth

NIC 1998	Percentage of female employment to directly employed workers		Compound Annual Growth Rate
	2000-01	2004-05	
Dressing and dyeing of fur; manufacture of articles of fur(182)	68.02	0.73	-59.59
Reproduction of recorded media [This class includes reproduction of records, audio, video and computer tapes from master copies, reproduction of floppy, hard or compact disks, reproduction of noncustomised software and film duplicating](223)	20.89	5.54	-23.31
Manufacture of television and radio receivers, sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus, and associated goods (323)	38.04	22.96	-9.60
Manufacture of office, accounting and computing machinery (300)	25.71	17.95	-6.93
Saw milling and planing of wood (201)	32.06	25.17	-4.73
Manufacture of footwear (192)	40.35	33.42	-3.70

NIC 1998	Percentage of female employment to directly employed workers		Compound Annual Growth Rate
	2000-01	2004-05	
Agricultural and animal husbandry service activities, except veterinary activities. (140)	42.76	37.44	-2.62
Manufacture of wearing apparel, except fur apparel [this class includes manufacture of wearing apparel made of material not made in the same unit. Both regular and contract activities are included](181)	63.84	58.38	-1.77
Recycling of non-metal waste and scrap (372)	31.40	29.15	-1.48

Annex - IV

NIC Code and HS Code Concordance

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
142	250200	Unroasted iron pyrites.
142	250300	Sulphur of all kinds, other than sublimed sulphur, precipitated sulphur and colloidal sulphur.
142	251010	Unground
142	251020	Ground
142	251110	Natural barium sulphate (barytes)
142	251120	Natural barium carbonate (witherite)
142	252810	Natural sodium borates and concentrates thereof (whether or not calcined)
142	252890	Other
142	252921	Containing by weight 97 % or less of calcium fluoride
142	252922	Containing by weight more than 97 % of calcium fluoride
142	253020	Kieserite, epsomite (natural magnesium sulphates)
142	253090	Other
142	310410	Carnallite, sylvite and other crude natural potassium salts
142	250100	Salt (including table salt and denatured salt) and pure sodium chloride, whether or not in aqueous solution or containing added anticaking or freeflowing agents; sea water.

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
142	250410	In powder or in flakes
142	250490	Other
142	250610	Quartz
142	250621	Crude or roughly trimmed
142	250629	Other
142	251200	Siliceous fossil meals (for example, kieselguhr, tripolite and diatomite) and similar siliceous earths, whether or not calcined, of an apparent specific gravity of 1 or less.
142	251311	Crude or in irregular pieces, including crushed pumice ("bimskies")
142	251319	Other
142	251320	Emery, natural corundum, natural garnet and other natural abrasives
142	251910	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)
142	251990	Other
142	252400	Asbestos.
142	252510	Crude mica and mica rifted into sheets or splittings
142	252520	Mica powder
142	252530	Mica waste
142	252610	Not crushed, not powdered
142	252620	Crushed or powdered

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
142	252910	Felspar
142	252930	Leucite; nepheline and nepheline syenite
142	253010	Vermiculite, perlite and chlorites, unexpanded
142	262110	Ash and residues from the incineration of mun
154	170490	Other
154	180310	Not defatted
154	180320	Wholly or partly defatted
154	180400	Cocoa butter, fat and oil.
154	180500	Cocoa powder, not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter.
154	180610	Cocoa powder, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter
154	180620	Other preparations in blocks, slabs or bars weighing more than 2 kg or in liquid, paste, powder, granular or other bulk form in containers or immediate packings, of a content exceeding 2 kg
154	180631	Filled
154	180632	Not filled
154	180690	Other
154	200600	Vegetables, fruit, nuts, fruitpeel and other parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallised).
154	190211	Containing eggs

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
154	190219	Other
154	190220	Stuffed pasta, whether or not cooked or otherwise prepared
154	190230	Other pasta
154	190240	Couscous
154	040811	Dried
154	040819	Other
154	040891	Dried
154	040899	Other
154	090112	Decaffeinated
154	090121	Not decaffeinated
154	090122	Decaffeinated
154	090190	Other
154	090210	Green tea (not fermented) in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg
154	090230	Black tea (fermented) and partly fermented tea, in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg
154	160210	Homogenised preparations
154	190110	Preparations for infant use, put up for retail sale
154	190190	Other
154	200510	Homogenised vegetables
154	200710	Homogenised preparations

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
154	210111	Extracts, essences and concentrates
154	210112	Preparations with a basis of extracts, essences or concentrates or with a basis of coffee
154	210120	Extracts, essences and concentrates, of tea or maté, and preparations with a basis of these extracts, essences or concentrates or with a basis of tea or maté
154	210130	Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes, and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof
154	210210	Active yeasts
154	210220	Inactive yeasts; other singlecell microorganisms, dead
154	210230	Prepared baking powders
154	210310	Soya sauce
154	210320	Tomato ketchup and other tomato sauces
154	210330	Mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard
154	210390	Other
154	210410	Soups and broths and preparations therefor
154	210420	Homogenised composite food preparations
154	210610	Protein concentrates and textured protein substances
154	210690	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
154	220900	Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar obtained from acetic acid.
154	350211	Dried
154	350219	Other
160	240210	Cigars, cheroots and cigarillos, containing tobacco
160	240220	Cigarettes containing tobacco
160	240290	Other
160	240310	Smoking tobacco, whether or not containing tobacco substitutes in any proportion
160	240391	"Homogenised" or "reconstituted" tobacco
160	240399	Other
171	150500	Wool grease and fatty substances derived therefrom (including lanolin).
171	500200	Raw silk (not thrown).
171	500390	Other
171	500400	Silk yarn (other than yarn spun from silk waste) not put up for retail sale.
171	500500	Yarn spun from silk waste, not put up for retail sale
171	500600	Silk yarn and yarn spun from silk waste, put up for retail sale; silkworm gut
171	500710	Fabrics of noil silk

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	500720	Other fabrics, containing 85 % or more by weight of silk or of silk waste other than noil silk
171	500790	Other fabrics
171	510121	Shorn wool
171	510129	Other
171	510130	Carbonised
171	510310	Noils of wool or of fine animal hair
171	510510	Carded wool
171	510521	Combed wool in fragments
171	510529	Other
171	510531	Of Kashmir (cashmere) goats
171	510539	Other
171	510540	Coarse animal hair, carded or combed
171	510610	Containing 85 % or more by weight of wool
171	510620	Containing less than 85 % by weight of wool
171	510710	Containing 85 % or more by weight of wool
171	510720	Containing less than 85 % by weight of wool
171	510810	Carded
171	510820	Combed

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	510910	Containing 85 % or more by weight of wool or of fine animal hair
171	510990	Other
171	511000	Yarn of coarse animal hair or of horsehair (including gimped horsehair yarn), whether or not put up for retail sale.
171	511111	Of a weight not exceeding 300 g/m ²
171	511119	Other
171	511120	Other, mixed mainly or solely with manmade filaments
171	511130	Other, mixed mainly or solely with manmade staple fibres
171	511190	Other
171	511211	Of a weight not exceeding 200 g/m ²
171	511219	Other
171	511220	Other, mixed mainly or solely with manmade filaments
171	511230	Other, mixed mainly or solely with manmade staple fibres
171	511290	Other
171	511300	Woven fabrics of coarse animal hair or of horsehair.
171	520300	Cotton, carded or combed.
171	520411	Containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton
171	520419	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	520420	Put up for retail sale
171	520511	Measuring 714.29 decitex or more (not exceeding 14 metric number)
171	520512	Measuring less than 714.29 decitex but not less than 232.56 decitex (exceeding 14 metric number but not exceeding 43 metric number)
171	520513	Measuring less than 232.56 decitex but not less than 192.31 decitex (exceeding 43 metric number but not exceeding 52 metric number)
171	520514	Measuring less than 192.31 decitex but not less than 125 decitex (exceeding 52 metric number but not exceeding 80 metric number)
171	520515	Measuring less than 125 decitex (exceeding 80 metric number)
171	520521	Measuring 714.29 decitex or more (not exceeding 14 metric number)
171	520522	Measuring less than 714.29 decitex but not less than 232.56 decitex (exceeding 14 metric number but not exceeding 43 metric number)
171	520523	Measuring less than 232.56 decitex but not less than 192.31 decitex (exceeding 43 metric number but not exceeding 52 metric number)

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	520524	Measuring less than 192.31 decitex but not less than 125 decitex (exceeding 52 metric number but not exceeding 80 metric number)
171	520526	Measuring less than 125 decitex but not less than 106.38 decitex (exceeding 80 metric number but not exceeding 94 metric number)
171	520527	Measuring less than 106.38 decitex but not less than 83.33 decitex (exceeding 94 metric number but not exceeding 120 metric number)
171	520528	Measuring less than 83.33 decitex (exceeding 120 metric number)
171	520531	Measuring per single yarn 714.29 decitex or more (not exceeding 14 metric number per single yarn)
171	520532	Measuring per single yarn less than 714.29 decitex but not less than 232.56 decitex (exceeding 14 metric number but not exceeding 43 metric number per single yarn)
171	520533	Measuring per single yarn less than 232.56 decitex but not less than 192.31 decitex (exceeding 43 metric number but not exceeding 52 metric number per single yarn)

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	520534	Measuring per single yarn less than 192.31 decitex but not less than 125 decitex (exceeding 52 metric number but not exceeding 80 metric number per single yarn)
171	520535	Measuring per single yarn less than 125 decitex (exceeding 80 metric number per single yarn)
171	520541	Measuring per single yarn 714.29 decitex or more (not exceeding 14 metric number per single yarn)
171	520542	Measuring per single yarn less than 714.29 decitex but not less than 232.56 decitex (exceeding 14 metric number but not exceeding 43 metric number per single yarn)
171	520543	Measuring per single yarn less than 232.56 decitex but not less than 192.31 decitex (exceeding 43 metric number but not exceeding 52 metric number per single yarn)
171	520544	Measuring per single yarn less than 192.31 decitex but not less than 125 decitex (exceeding 52 metric number but not exceeding 80 metric number per single yarn)
171	520546	Measuring per single yarn less than 125 decitex but not less than 106.38 decitex (exceeding 80 metric number but not exceeding 94 metric number per single yarn)

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	520547	Measuring per single yarn less than 106.38 decitex but not less than 83.33 decitex (exceeding 94 metric number but not exceeding 120 metric number per single yarn)
171	520548	Measuring per single yarn less than 83.33 decitex (exceeding 120 metric number per single yarn)
171	520611	Measuring 714.29 decitex or more (not exceeding 14 metric number)
171	520612	Measuring less than 714.29 decitex but not less than 232.56 decitex (exceeding 14 metric number but not exceeding 43 metric number)
171	520613	Measuring less than 232.56 decitex but not less than 192.31 decitex (exceeding 43 metric number but not exceeding 52 metric number)
171	520614	Measuring less than 192.31 decitex but not less than 125 decitex (exceeding 52 metric number but not exceeding 80 metric number)
171	520615	Measuring less than 125 decitex (exceeding 80 metric number)
171	520621	Measuring 714.29 decitex or more (not exceeding 14 metric number)
171	520622	Measuring less than 714.29 decitex but not less than 232.56 decitex (exceeding 14 metric number but not exceeding 43 metric number)

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	520623	Measuring less than 232.56 decitex but not less than 192.31 decitex (exceeding 43 metric number but not exceeding 52 metric number)
171	520624	Measuring less than 192.31 decitex but not less than 125 decitex (exceeding 52 metric number but not exceeding 80 metric number)
171	520625	Measuring less than 125 decitex (exceeding 80 metric number)
171	520631	Measuring per single yarn 714.29 decitex or more (not exceeding 14 metric number per single yarn)
171	520632	Measuring per single yarn less than 714.29 decitex but not less than 232.56 decitex (exceeding 14 metric number but not exceeding 43 metric number per single yarn)
171	520633	Measuring per single yarn less than 232.56 decitex but not less than 192.31 decitex (exceeding 43 metric number but not exceeding 52 metric number per single yarn)
171	520634	Measuring per single yarn less than 192.31 decitex but not less than 125 decitex (exceeding 52 metric number but not exceeding 80 metric number per single yarn)

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	520635	Measuring per single yarn less than 125 decitex (exceeding 80 metric number per single yarn)
171	520641	Measuring per single yarn 714.29 decitex or more (not exceeding 14 metric number per single yarn)
171	520642	Measuring per single yarn less than 714.29 decitex but not less than 232.56 decitex (exceeding 14 metric number but not exceeding 43 metric number per single yarn)
171	520643	Measuring per single yarn less than 232.56 decitex but not less than 192.31 decitex (exceeding 43 metric number but not exceeding 52 metric number per single yarn)
171	520644	Measuring per single yarn less than 192.31 decitex but not less than 125 decitex (exceeding 52 metric number but not exceeding 80 metric number per single yarn)
171	520645	Measuring per single yarn less than 125 decitex (exceeding 80 metric number per single yarn)
171	520710	Containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton
171	520790	Other
171	520811	Plain weave, weighing not more than 100 g/m2

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	520812	Plain weave, weighing more than 100 g/m2
171	520813	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520819	Other fabrics
171	520821	Plain weave, weighing not more than 100 g/m2
171	520822	Plain weave, weighing more than 100 g/m2
171	520823	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520829	Other fabrics
171	520831	Plain weave, weighing not more than 100 g/m2
171	520832	Plain weave, weighing more than 100 g/m2
171	520833	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520839	Other fabrics
171	520841	Plain weave, weighing not more than 100 g/m2
171	520842	Plain weave, weighing more than 100 g/m2
171	520843	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520849	Other fabrics

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	520851	Plain weave, weighing not more than 100 g/m2
171	520852	Plain weave, weighing more than 100 g/m2
171	520853	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520859	Other fabrics
171	520911	Plain weave
171	520912	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520919	Other fabrics
171	520921	Plain weave
171	520922	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520929	Other fabrics
171	520931	Plain weave
171	520932	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520939	Other fabrics
171	520941	Plain weave
171	520942	Denim
171	520943	Other fabrics of 3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520949	Other fabrics
171	520951	Plain weave

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	520952	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	520959	Other fabrics
171	521011	Plain weave
171	521012	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521019	Other fabrics
171	521021	Plain weave
171	521022	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521029	Other fabrics
171	521031	Plain weave
171	521032	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521039	Other fabrics
171	521041	Plain weave
171	521042	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521049	Other fabrics
171	521051	Plain weave
171	521052	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521059	Other fabrics
171	521111	Plain weave

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	521112	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521119	Other fabrics
171	521121	Plain weave
171	521122	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521129	Other fabrics
171	521131	Plain weave
171	521132	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521139	Other fabrics
171	521141	Plain weave
171	521142	Denim
171	521143	Other fabrics of 3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521149	Other fabrics
171	521151	Plain weave
171	521152	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill
171	521159	Other fabrics
171	521211	Unbleached
171	521212	Bleached
171	521213	Dyed
171	521214	Of yarns of different colours

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	521215	Printed
171	521221	Unbleached
171	521222	Bleached
171	521223	Dyed
171	521224	Of yarns of different colours
171	521225	Printed
171	530121	Broken or scutched
171	530129	Other
171	530130	Flax tow and waste
171	530290	Other
171	530390	Other
171	530490	Other
171	530519	Other
171	530529	Other
171	530590	Other
171	530610	Single
171	530620	Multiple (folded) or cabled
171	530710	Single
171	530720	Multiple (folded) or cabled
171	530810	Coir yarn
171	530820	True hemp yarn
171	530890	Other
171	530911	Unbleached or bleached

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	530919	Other
171	530921	Unbleached or bleached
171	530929	Other
171	531010	Unbleached
171	531090	Other
171	531100	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres; woven fabrics of paper yarn.
171	540110	Of synthetic filaments
171	540120	Of artificial filaments
171	540261	Of nylon or other polyamides
171	540262	Of polyesters
171	540269	Other
171	540341	Of viscose rayon
171	540342	Of cellulose acetate
171	540349	Other
171	540610	Synthetic filament yarn
171	540620	Artificial filament yarn
171	540710	Woven fabrics obtained from high tenacity yarn of nylon or other polyamides or of polyesters
171	540720	Woven fabrics obtained from strip
		or the like
171	540730	Fabrics specified in Note 9 to Section XI
171	540741	Unbleached or bleached

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	540742	Dyed
171	540743	Of yarns of different colours
171	540744	Printed
171	540751	Unbleached or bleached
171	540752	Dyed
171	540753	Of yarns of different colours
171	540754	Printed
171	540761	Containing 85 % or more by weight of nontextured polyester filaments
171	540769	Other
171	540771	Unbleached or bleached
171	540772	Dyed
171	540773	Of yarns of different colours
171	540774	Printed
171	540781	Unbleached or bleached
171	540782	Dyed
171	540783	Of yarns of different colours
171	540784	Printed
171	540791	Unbleached or bleached
171	540792	Dyed
171	540793	Of yarns of different colours
171	540794	Printed

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	540810	Woven fabrics obtained from high tenacity yarn of viscose rayon
171	540821	Unbleached or bleached
171	540822	Dyed
171	540823	Of yarns of different colours
171	540824	Printed
171	540831	Unbleached or bleached
171	540832	Dyed
171	540833	Of yarns of different colours
171	540834	Printed
171	550610	Of nylon or other polyamides
171	550620	Of polyesters
171	550630	Acrylic or modacrylic
171	550690	Other
171	550700	Artificial staple fibres, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning.
171	550810	Of synthetic staple fibres
171	550820	Of artificial staple fibres
171	550911	Single yarn
171	550912	Multiple (folded) or cabled yarn
171	550921	Single yarn
171	550922	Multiple (folded) or cabled yarn
171	550931	Single yarn

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	550932	Multiple (folded) or cabled yarn
171	550941	Single yarn
171	550942	Multiple (folded) or cabled yarn
171	550951	Mixed mainly or solely with artificial staple fibres
171	550952	Mixed mainly or solely with wool or fine animal hair
171	550953	Mixed mainly or solely with cotton
171	550959	Other
171	550961	Mixed mainly or solely with wool or fine animal hair
171	550962	Mixed mainly or solely with cotton
171	550969	Other
171	550991	Mixed mainly or solely with wool or fine animal hair
171	550992	Mixed mainly or solely with cotton
171	550999	Other
171	551011	Single yarn
171	551012	Multiple (folded) or cabled yarn
171	551020	Other yarn, mixed mainly or solely with wool or fine animal hair
171	551030	Other yarn, mixed mainly or solely with cotton
171	551090	Other yarn
171	551110	Of synthetic staple fibres, containing 85 % or more by weight of such fibres

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
1171	551110	Of synthetic staple fibres, containing 85 % or more by weight of such fibres
171	551120	Of synthetic staple fibres, containing less than 85 % by weight of such fibres
171	551130	Of artificial staple fibres
171	551211	Unbleached or bleached
171	551219	Other
171	551221	Unbleached or bleached
171	551229	Other
171	551291	Unbleached or bleached
171	551299	Other
171	551311	Of polyester staple fibres, plain weave
171	551312	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill, of polyester staple fibres
171	551313	Other woven fabrics of polyester staple fibres
171	551319	Other woven fabrics
171	551321	Of polyester staple fibres, plain weave
171	551322	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill, of polyester staple fibres
171	551323	Other woven fabrics of polyester staple fibres
171	551329	Other woven fabrics
171	551331	Of polyester staple fibres, plain weave

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	551332	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill, of polyester staple fibres
171	551333	Other woven fabrics of polyester staple fibres
171	551339	Other woven fabrics
171	551341	Of polyester staple fibres, plain weave
171	551342	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill, of polyester staple fibres
171	551343	Other woven fabrics of polyester staple fibres
171	551349	Other woven fabrics
171	551411	Of polyester staple fibres, plain weave
171	551412	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill, of polyester staple fibres
171	551413	Other woven fabrics of polyester staple fibres
171	551419	Other woven fabrics
171	551421	Of polyester staple fibres, plain weave
171	551422	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill, of polyester staple fibres
171	551423	Other woven fabrics of polyester staple fibres
171	551429	Other woven fabrics
171	551431	Of polyester staple fibres, plain weave
171	551432	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill, of polyester staple fibres

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	551433	Other woven fabrics of polyester staple fibres
171	551439	Other woven fabrics
171	551441	Of polyester staple fibres, plain weave
171	551442	3thread or 4thread twill, including cross twill, of polyester staple fibres
171	551443	Other woven fabrics of polyester staple fibres
171	551449	Other woven fabrics
171	551511	Mixed mainly or solely with viscose rayon staple fibres
171	551512	Mixed mainly or solely with manmade filaments
171	551513	Mixed mainly or solely with wool or fine animal hair
171	551519	Other
171	551521	Mixed mainly or solely with manmade filaments
171	551522	Mixed mainly or solely with wool or fine animal hair
171	551529	Other
171	551591	Mixed mainly or solely with manmade filaments
171	551592	Mixed mainly or solely with wool or fine animal hair
171	551599	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	551611	Unbleached or bleached
171	551612	Dyed
171	551613	Of yarns of different colours
171	551614	Printed
171	551621	Unbleached or bleached
171	551622	Dyed
171	551623	Of yarns of different colours
171	551624	Printed
171	551631	Unbleached or bleached
171	551632	Dyed
171	551633	Of yarns of different colours
171	551634	Printed
171	551641	Unbleached or bleached
171	551642	Dyed
171	551643	Of yarns of different colours
171	551644	Printed
171	551691	Unbleached or bleached
171	551692	Dyed
171	551693	Of yarns of different colours
171	551694	Printed
171	580110	Of wool or fine animal hair
171	580121	Uncut weft pile fabrics
171	580122	Cut corduroy

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	580123	Other weft pile fabrics
171	580124	Warp pile fabrics, épinglé (uncut)
171	580125	Warp pile fabrics, cut
171	580126	Chenille fabrics
171	580131	Uncut weft pile fabrics
171	580132	Cut corduroy
171	580133	Other weft pile fabrics
171	580134	Warp pile fabrics, épinglé (uncut)
171	580135	Warp pile fabrics, cut
171	580136	Chenille fabrics
171	580190	Of other textile materials
171	580211	Unbleached
171	580219	Other
171	580220	Terry towelling and similar woven terry fabrics, of other textile materials
171	580230	Tufted textile fabrics
171	580310	Of cotton
171	580390	Of other textile materials
171	701940	Woven fabrics of rovings
171	701951	Of a width not exceeding 30 cm
171	701952	Of a width exceeding 30 cm, plain weave, weighing less than 250 g/m^2 , of filaments measuring per single yarn not more than 136 tex

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
171	701959	Other
172	580500	Handwoven tapestries of the type Gobelins, Flanders, Aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and needleworked tapestries (for example, petit point, cross stitch), whether or not made up.
172	630120	Blankets (other than electric blankets) and travelling rugs, of wool or of fine animal hair
172	630130	Blankets (other than electric blankets) and travelling rugs, of cotton
172	630140	Blankets (other than electric blankets) and travelling rugs, of synthetic fibres
172	630190	Other blankets and travelling rugs
172	630210	Bed linen, knitted or crocheted
172	630221	Of cotton
172	630222	Of manmade fibres
172	630229	Of other textile materials
172	630231	Of cotton
172	630232	Of manmade fibres
172	630239	Of other textile materials
172	630240	Table linen, knitted or crocheted
172	630251	Of cotton
172	630252	Of flax
172	630253	Of manmade fibres

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
172	630259	Of other textile materials
172	630260	Toilet linen and kitchen linen, of terry towelling or similar terry fabrics, of cotton
172	630291	Of cotton
172	630292	Of flax
172	630293	Of manmade fibres
172	630299	Of other textile materials
172	630311	Of cotton
172	630312	Of synthetic fibres
172	630319	Of other textile materials
172	630391	Of cotton
172	630392	Of synthetic fibres
172	630399	Of other textile materials
172	630411	Knitted or crocheted
172	630419	Other
172	630491	Knitted or crocheted
172	630492	Not knitted or crocheted, of cotton
172	630493	Not knitted or crocheted, of synthetic fibres
172	630499	Not knitted or crocheted, of other textile materials
172	630510	Of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading 53.03
172	630520	Of cotton

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
172	630532	Flexible intermediate bulk containers
172	630533	Other, of polyethylene or polypropylene strip or the like
172	630539	Other
172	630590	Of other textile materials
172	630611	Of cotton
172	630612	Of synthetic fibres
172	630619	Of other textile materials
172	630621	Of cotton
172	630622	Of synthetic fibres
172	630629	Of other textile materials
172	630631	Of synthetic fibres
172	630639	Of other textile materials
172	630641	Of cotton
172	630649	Of other textile materials
172	630691	Of cotton
172	630699	Of other textile materials
172	630710	Floorcloths, dishcloths, dusters and similar cleaning cloths
172	630720	Lifejackets and lifebelts
172	630790	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
172	630800	Sets consisting of woven fabric and yarn, whether or not with accessories, for making up into rugs, tapestries, embroidered table cloths or serviettes, or similar textile articles, put up in packings for retail sale.
172	880400	Parachutes (including dirigible parachutes and paragliders) and rotochutes; parts thereof and accessories thereto.
172	940430	Sleeping bags
172	940490	Other
172	570110	Of wool or fine animal hair
172	570190	Of other textile materials
172	570210	"Kelem", "Schumacks", "Karamanie" and similar handwoven rugs
172	570220	Floor coverings of coconut fibres (coir)
172	570231	Of wool or fine animal hair
172	570232	Of manmade textile materials
172	570239	Of other textile materials
172	570241	Of wool or fine animal hair
172	570242	Of manmade textile materials
172	570249	Of other textile materials
172	570251	Of wool or fine animal hair
172	570252	Of manmade textile materials
172	570259	Of other textile materials

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
172	570291	Of wool or fine animal hair
172	570292	Of manmade textile materials
172	570299	Of other textile materials
172	570310	Of wool or fine animal hair
172	570320	Of nylon or other polyamides
172	570330	Of other manmade textile materials
172	570390	Of other textile materials
172	570410	Tiles, having a maximum surface area of 0.3 m ²
172	570490	Other
172	570500	Other carpets and other textile floor coverings, whether or not made up.
172	560710	Of jute or other textile bast fibres of heading 53.03
172	560721	Binder or baler twine
172	560729	Other
172	560741	Binder or baler twine
172	560749	Other
172	560750	Of other synthetic fibres
172	560790	Other
172	560811	Made up fishing nets
172	560819	Other
172	560890	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
172	560900	Articles of yarn, strip or the like of heading 54.04 or 54.05, twine, cordage, rope or cables, not elsewhere specified or included
172	560110	Sanitary towels and tampons, napkins and napkin liners for babies and similar sanitary articles, of wadding
172	560121	Of cotton
172	560122	Of manmade fibres
172	560129	Other
172	560130	Textile flock and dust and mill neps
172	560210	Needleloom felt and stitchbonded fibre fabrics
172	560221	Of wool or fine animal hair
172	560229	Of other textile materials
172	560290	Other
172	560311	Weighing not more than 25 g/m ²
172	560312	Weighing more than 25 g/m 2 but not more than 70 g/m 2
172	560313	Weighing more than 70 g/m² but not more than 150 g/m²
172	560314	Weighing more than 150 g/m²
172	560391	Weighing not more than 25 g/m ²
172	560392	Weighing more than 25 g/m 2 but not more than 70 g/m 2

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
172	560393	Weighing more than 70 g/m 2 but not more than 150 g/m 2
172	560394	Weighing more than 150 g/m²
172	560410	Rubber thread and cord, textile covered
172	560420	High tenacity yarn of polyesters, of nylon or other polyamides or of viscose rayon, impregnated or coated
172	560490	Other
172	560500	Metallised yarn, whether or not gimped, being textile yarn, or strip or the like of heading 54.04 or 54.05, combined with metal in the form of thread, strip or powder or covered with metal.
172	560600	Gimped yarn, and strip and the like of heading 54.04 or 54.05, gimped (other than those of heading 56.05 and gimped horsehair yarn); chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn); loop waleyarn.
172	580410	Tulles and other net fabrics
172	580421	Of manmade fibres
172	580429	Of other textile materials
172	580430	Handmade lace
172	580610	Woven pile fabrics (including terry towelling and similar terry fabrics) and chenille fabrics
172	580620	Other woven fabrics, containing by weight 5 % or more of lastomeric yarn or rubber thread

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
172	580631	Of cotton
172	580632	Of manmade fibres
172	580639	Of other textile materials
172	580640	Fabrics consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive (bolducs)
172	580710	Woven
172	580790	Other
172	580810	Braids in the piece
172	580890	Other
172	580900	Woven fabrics of metal thread and woven fabrics of metallised yarn of heading 56.05, of a kind used in apparel, as furnishing fabrics or for similar purposes, not elsewhere specified or included.
172	581010	Embroidery without visible ground
172	581091	Of cotton
172	581092	Of manmade fibres
172	581099	Of other textile materials
172	581100	Quilted textile products in the piece, composed of one or more layers of textile materials assembled with padding by stitching or otherwise, other than embroidery of heading 58.10.

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
172	590110	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books or the like
172	590190	Other
172	590210	Of nylon or other polyamides
172	590220	Of polyesters
172	590290	Other
172	590310	With poly(vinyl chloride)
172	590320	With polyurethane
172	590390	Other
172	590700	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated, coated or covered; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio backcloths or the like.
172	590800	Textile wicks, woven, plaited or knitted, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles or the like; incandescent gas mantles and tubular knitted gas mantle fabric therefor, whether or not impregnated.
172	590900	Textile hosepiping and similar textile tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials.
172	591000	Transmission or conveyor belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with plastics, or reinforced with metal or other material.

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
172	591110	Textile fabrics, felt and feltlined woven fabrics, coated, covered or laminated with rubber, leather or other material, of a kind used for card clothing, and similar fabrics of a kind used for other technical purposes, including narrow fabrics made of ve
172	591120	Bolting cloth, whether or not made up
172	591131	Weighing less than 650 g/m2
172	591132	Weighing 650 g/m2 or more
172	591140	Straining cloth of a kind used in oil presses or the like, including that of human hair
172	591190	Other
173	600110	"Long pile" fabrics
173	600121	Of cotton
173	600122	Of manmade fibres
173	600129	Of other textile materials
173	600191	Of cotton
173	600192	Of manmade fibres
173	600199	Of other textile materials
173	600240	Containing by weight 5 % or more of elastomeric yarn but not containing rubber thread
173	600290	Other
173	600310	Of wool or fine animal hair

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
173	600320	Of cotton
173	600330	Of synthetic fibres
173	600340	Of artificial fibres
173	600390	Other
173	600410	Containing by weight 5 % or more of elastomeric yarn but not containing rubber thread
173	600490	Other
173	600510	Of wool or fine animal hair
173	600521	Unbleached or bleached
173	600522	Dyed
173	600523	Of yarns of different colours
173	600524	Printed
173	600531	Unbleached or bleached
173	600532	Dyed
173	600533	Of yarns of different colours
173	600534	Printed
173	600541	Unbleached or bleached
173	600542	Dyed
173	600543	Of yarns of different colours
173	600544	Printed
173	600590	Other
173	600610	Of wool or fine animal hair

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
173	600621	Unbleached or bleached
173	600622	Dyed
173	600623	Of yarns of different colours
173	600624	Printed
173	600631	Unbleached or bleached
173	600632	Dyed
173	600633	Of yarns of different colours
173	600634	Printed
173	600641	Unbleached or bleached
173	600642	Dyed
173	600643	Of yarns of different colours
173	600644	Printed
173	600690	Other
173	610910	Of cotton
173	610990	Of other textile materials
173	611011	Of wool
173	611012	Of Kashmir (cashmere) goats
173	611019	Other
173	611020	Of cotton
173	611030	Of manmade fibres
173	611090	Of other textile materials
173	611511	Of synthetic fibres, measuring per single yarn less than 67 decitex

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
173	611512	Of synthetic fibres, measuring per single yarn 67 decitex or more
173	611519	Of other textile materials
173	611520	Women's fulllength or kneelength hosiery, measuring per single yarn less than 67 decitex
173	611591	Of wool or fine animal hair
173	611592	Of cotton
173	611593	Of synthetic fibres
173	611599	Of other textile materials
181	420310	Articles of apparel
181	420329	Other
181	420330	Belts and bandoliers
181	420340	Other clothing accessories
181	610110	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610120	Of cotton
181	610130	Of man-made fibres
181	610190	Of other textile materials
181	610210	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610220	Of cotton
181	610230	Of man-made fibres
181	610290	Of other textile materials
181	610311	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610312	Of synthetic fibres

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	610319	Of other textile materials
181	610321	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610322	Of cotton
181	610323	Of synthetic fibres
181	610329	Of other textile materials
181	610331	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610332	Of cotton
181	610333	Of synthetic fibres
181	610339	Of other textile materials
181	610341	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610342	Of cotton
181	610343	Of synthetic fibres
181	610349	Of other textile materials
181	610411	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610412	Of cotton
181	610413	Of synthetic fibres
181	610419	Of other textile materials
181	610421	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610422	Of cotton
181	610423	Of synthetic fibres
181	610429	Of other textile materials
181	610431	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610432	Of cotton

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	610433	Of synthetic fibres
181	610439	Of other textile materials
181	610441	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610442	Of cotton
181	610443	Of synthetic fibres
181	610444	Of artificial fibres
181	610449	Of other textile materials
181	610451	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610452	Of cotton
181	610453	Of synthetic fibres
181	610459	Of other textile materials
181	610461	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	610462	Of cotton
181	610463	Of synthetic fibres
181	610469	Of other textile materials
181	610510	Of cotton
181	610520	Of manmade fibres
181	610590	Of other textile materials
181	610610	Of cotton
181	610620	Of manmade fibres
181	610690	Of other textile materials
181	610711	Of cotton
181	610712	Of manmade fibres

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	610719	Of other textile materials
181	610721	Of cotton
181	610722	Of manmade fibres
181	610729	Of other textile materials
181	610791	Of cotton
181	610792	Of manmade fibres
181	610799	Of other textile materials
181	610811	Of manmade fibres
181	610819	Of other textile materials
181	610821	Of cotton
181	610822	Of manmade fibres
181	610829	Of other textile materials
181	610831	Of cotton
181	610832	Of manmade fibres
181	610839	Of other textile materials
181	610891	Of cotton
181	610892	Of manmade fibres
181	610899	Of other textile materials
181	611110	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	611120	Of cotton
181	611130	Of synthetic fibres
181	611190	Of other textile materials
181	611211	Of cotton

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	611212	Of synthetic fibres
181	611219	Of other textile materials
181	611220	Ski suits
181	611231	Of synthetic fibres
181	611239	Of other textile materials
181	611241	Of synthetic fibres
181	611249	Of other textile materials
181	611300	Garments, made up of knitted or crocheted fabrics of heading 59.03, 59.06 or 59.07.
181	611410	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	611420	Of cotton
181	611430	Of manmade fibres
181	611490	Of other textile materials
181	611610	Impregnated, coated or covered with plastics or rubber
181	611691	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	611692	Of cotton
181	611693	Of synthetic fibres
181	611699	Of other textile materials
181	611710	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like
181	611720	Ties, bow ties and cravats
181	611780	Other accessories

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	611790	Parts
181	620111	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620112	Of cotton
181	620113	Of man-made fibres
181	620119	Of other textile materials
181	620191	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620192	Of cotton
181	620193	Of man-made fibres
181	620199	Of other textile materials
181	620211	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620212	Of cotton
181	620213	Of manmade fibres
181	620219	Of other textile materials
181	620291	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620292	Of cotton
181	620293	Of manmade fibres
181	620299	Of other textile materials
181	620311	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620312	Of synthetic fibres
181	620319	Of other textile materials
181	620321	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620322	Of cotton
181	620323	Of synthetic fibres

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	620329	Of other textile materials
181	620331	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620332	Of cotton
181	620333	Of synthetic fibres
181	620339	Of other textile materials
181	620341	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620342	Of cotton
181	620343	Of synthetic fibres
181	620349	Of other textile materials
181	620411	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620412	Of cotton
181	620413	Of synthetic fibres
181	620419	Of other textile materials
181	620421	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620422	Of cotton
181	620423	Of synthetic fibres
181	620429	Of other textile materials
181	620431	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620432	Of cotton
181	620433	Of synthetic fibres
181	620439	Of other textile materials
181	620441	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620442	Of cotton

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	620443	Of synthetic fibres
181	620444	Of artificial fibres
181	620449	Of other textile materials
181	620451	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620452	Of cotton
181	620453	Of synthetic fibres
181	620459	Of other textile materials
181	620461	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620462	Of cotton
181	620463	Of synthetic fibres
181	620469	Of other textile materials
181	620510	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620520	Of cotton
181	620530	Of manmade fibres
181	620590	Of other textile materials
181	620610	Of silk or silk waste
181	620620	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620630	Of cotton
181	620640	Of manmade fibres
181	620690	Of other textile materials
181	620711	Of cotton
181	620719	Of other textile materials
181	620721	Of cotton

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	620722	Of manmade fibres
181	620729	Of other textile materials
181	620791	Of cotton
181	620792	Of manmade fibres
181	620799	Of other textile materials
181	620811	Of manmade fibres
181	620819	Of other textile materials
181	620821	Of cotton
181	620822	Of manmade fibres
181	620829	Of other textile materials
181	620891	Of cotton
181	620892	Of manmade fibres
181	620899	Of other textile materials
181	620910	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	620920	Of cotton
181	620930	Of synthetic fibres
181	620990	Of other textile materials
181	621010	Of fabrics of heading 56.02 or 56.03
181	621020	Other garments, of the type described in subheadings 6201.11 to 6201.19
181	621030	Other garments, of the type described in subheadings 6202.11 to 6202.19
181	621040	Other men's or boys' garments

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	621050	Other women's or girls' garments
181	621111	Men's or boys'
181	621112	Women's or girls'
181	621120	Ski suits
181	621131	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	621132	Of cotton
181	621133	Of manmade fibres
181	621139	Of other textile materials
181	621141	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	621142	Of cotton
181	621143	Of manmade fibres
181	621149	Of other textile materials
181	621210	Brassières
181	621220	Girdles and pantygirdles
181	621230	Corselettes
181	621290	Other
181	621310	Of silk or silk waste
181	621320	Of cotton
181	621390	Of other textile materials
181	621410	Of silk or silk waste
181	621420	Of wool or fine animal hair
181	621430	Of synthetic fibres
181	621440	Of artificial fibres

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	621490	Of other textile materials
181	621510	Of silk or silk waste
181	621520	Of manmade fibres
181	621590	Of other textile materials
181	621600	Gloves, mittens and mitts.
181	621710	Accessories
181	621790	Parts
181	650100	Hatforms, hat bodies and hoods of felt, neither blocked to shape nor with made brims; plateaux and manchons (including slit manchons), of felt.
181	650200	Hatshapes, plaited or made by assembling strips of any material, neither blocked to shape, nor with made brims, nor lined, nor trimmed.
181	650300	Felt hats and other felt headgear, made from the hat bodies, hoods or plateaux of heading 65.01, whether or not lined or trimmed.
181	650400	Hats and other headgear, plaited or made by assembling strips of any material, whether or not lined or trimmed.
181	650510	Hairnets
181	650590	Other
181	650692	Of furskin
181	650699	Of other materials

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
181	650700	Headbands, linings, covers, hat foundations, hat frames, peaks and chinstraps, for headgear.
182	430211	Of mink
182	430213	Of lamb, the following: Astrakhan, Broadtail, Caracul, Persian and similar lamb, Indian, Chinese, Mongolian or Tibetan lamb
182	430219	Other
182	430220	Heads, tails, paws and other pieces or cuttings, not assembled
182	430230	Whole skins and pieces or cuttings thereof, assembled
182	430310	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories
182	430390	Other
182	430400	Artificial fur and articles thereof.
192	640110	Footwear incorporating a protective metal toecap
192	640191	Covering the knee
192	640192	Covering the ankle but not covering the knee
192	640199	Other
192	640212	Skiboots, crosscountry ski footwear and snowboard boots
192	640219	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
1192	640220	Footwear with upper straps or thongs assembled to the sole by means of plugs
192	640230	Other footwear, incorporating a protective metal toecap
192	640291	Covering the ankle
192	640299	Other
192	640312	Skiboots, crosscountry ski footwear and snowboard boots
192	640319	Other
192	640320	Footwear with outer soles of leather, and uppers which consist of leather straps across the instep and around the big toe
192	640330	Footwear made on a base or platform of wood, not having an inner sole or a protective metal toecap
192	640340	Other footwear, incorporating a protective metal toecap
192	640351	 Covering the ankle
192	640359	– Other
192	640391	Covering the ankle
192	640399	— Other
192	640411	Sports footwear; tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like
192	640419	– Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
192	640420	- Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather
192	640510	- With uppers of leather or composition leather
192	640520	- With uppers of textile materials
192	640590	- Other
192	640610	Uppers and parts thereof, other than stiffeners
192	640620	Outer soles and heels, of rubber or plastics
192	640691	Of wood
192	640699	Of other materials
201	440121	Coniferous
201	440122	Nonconiferous
201	440310	Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
201	440500	Wood wool; wood flour.
201	440610	Not impregnated
201	440690	Other
201	440710	Coniferous
201	440724	Virola, Mahogany (Swietenia spp.), Imbuia and Balsa
201	440725	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and Meranti Bakau
201	440726	White Lauan, White Meranti, White Seraya, Yellow Meranti and Alan

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
201	440729	Other
201	440791	Of oak (Quercus spp.)
201	440792	Of beech (Fagus spp.)
201	440799	Other
201	440910	Coniferous
201	440920	Nonconiferous
221	852410	Gramophone records
221	852431	For reproducing phenomena other than sound or image
221	852432	For reproducing sound only
221	852439	Other
221	852440	Magnetic tapes for reproducing phenomena other than sound or image
221	852451	Of a width not exceeding 4 mm
221	852452	Of a width exceeding 4 mm but not exceeding 6.5 mm
221	852453	Of a width exceeding 6.5 mm
221	852460	Cards incorporating a magnetic stripe
221	852491	For reproducing phenomena other than sound or image
221	852499	Other
242	380810	Insecticides
242	380820	Fungicides

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	380830	Herbicides, antisprouting products and plantgrowth regulators
242	380840	Disinfectants
242	380890	Other
242	320710	Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers, prepared colours and similar preparations
242	320720	Vitrifiable enamels and glazes, engobes (slips) and similar preparations
242	320730	Liquid lustres and similar preparations
242	320740	Glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes
242	320810	Based on polyesters
242	320820	Based on acrylic or vinyl polymers
242	320890	Other
242	320910	Based on acrylic or vinyl polymers
242	320990	Other
242	321000	Other paints and varnishes (including enamels, lacquers and distempers); prepared water pigments of a kind used for finishing leather.
242	321100	Prepared driers.
242	321210	Stamping foils
242	321290	Other
242	321310	Colours in sets
242	321390	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	321410	Glaziers' putty, grafting putty, resin cements, caulking compounds and other mastics; painters' fillings
242	321490	Other
242	321511	Black
242	321519	Other
242	381400	Organic composite solvents and thinners, not elsewhere specified or included; prepared paint or varnish removers.
242	291821	Salicylic acid and its salts
242	291822	O-Acetylsalicylic acid, its salts and esters
242	291823	Other esters of salicylic acid and their salts
242	292241	Lysine and its esters; salts thereof
242	292242	Glutamic acid and its salts
242	292310	Choline and its salts
242	292320	Lecithins and other phosphoaminolipids
242	292390	Other
242	292411	Meprobamate (INN)
242	292419	Other
242	292423	2Acetamidobenzoic acid (Nacetylanthranilic acid) and its salts
242	292424	Ethinamate (INN)
242	292429	Other
242	293229	Other lactones

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	293311	Phenazone (antipyrin) and its derivatives
242	293319	Other
242	293321	Hydantoin and its derivatives
242	293352	Malonylurea (barbituric acid) and its salts
242	293353	Allobarbital (INN), amobarbital (INN), barbital (INN), butalbital (INN), butobarbital, cyclobarbital (INN), methylphenobarbital (INN), pentobarbital (INN), phenobarbital (INN), secbutabarbital (INN), secobarbital (INN) and vinylbital (INN); salts thereof
242	293354	Other derivatives of malonylurea (barbituric acid); salts thereof
242	293355	Loprazolam (INN), mecloqualone (INN), methaqualone (INN) and zipeprol (INN); salts thereof
242	293359	Other
242	293361	Melamine
242	293369	Other
242	293430	Compounds containing in the structure a phenothiazine ringsystem (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused
242	293500	Sulphonamides.
242	293610	Provitamins, unmixed
242	293621	Vitamins A and their derivatives
242	293622	Vitamin B1 and its derivatives

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	293623	Vitamin B2 and its derivatives
242	293624	D- or DL-Pantothenic acid (Vitamin B3 or Vitamin B5) and its derivatives
242	293625	Vitamin B6 and its derivatives
242	293626	Vitamin B12 and its derivatives
242	293627	Vitamin C and its derivatives
242	293628	Vitamin E and its derivatives
242	293629	Other vitamins and their derivatives
242	293690	Other, including natural concentrates
242	293711	Somatotropin, its derivatives and structural analogues
242	293712	Insulin and its salts
242	293719	Other
242	293721	Cortisone, hydrocortisone, prednisone (dehydrocortisone) and prednisolone (dehydrohydrocortisone)
242	293722	Halogenated derivatives of corticosteroidal hormones
242	293723	Oestrogens and progestogens
242	293729	Other
242	293731	Epinephrine
242	293739	Other
242	293740	Aminoacid derivatives

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	293750	Prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, their derivatives and structural analogues
242	293790	Other
242	293810	Rutoside (rutin) and its derivatives
242	293890	Other
242	293911	Concentrates of poppy straw; buprenorphine (INN), codeine, dihydrocodeine (INN), ethylmorphine, etorphine (INN), heroin, hydrocodone (INN), hydromorphone (INN), morphine, nicomorphine (INN), oxycodone (INN), oxymorphone (INN), pholcodine (INN), thebacon
242	293919	Other
242	293921	Quinine and its salts
242	293929	Other
242	293930	Caffeine and its salts
242	293941	Ephedrine and its salts
242	293942	Pseudoephedrine (INN) and its salts
242	293943	Cathine (INN) and its salts
242	293949	Other
242	293951	Fenetylline (INN) and its salts
242	293959	Other
242	293961	Ergometrine (INN) and its salts
242	293962	Ergotamine (INN) and its salts

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	293963	Lysergic acid and its salts
242	293969	Other
242	293991	Cocaine, ecgonine, levometamfetamine, metamfetamine (INN), metamfetamine racemate; salts, esters and other derivatives thereof
242	293999	Other
242	294000	Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, lactose, maltose, glucose and fructose; sugar ethers, sugar acetals and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of heading 29.37, 29.38 or 29.39.
242	294110	Penicillins and their derivatives with a penicillanic acid structure; salts thereof
242	294120	Streptomycins and their derivatives; salts thereof
242	294130	Tetracyclines and their derivatives; salts thereof
242	294140	Chloramphenicol and its derivatives; salts thereof
242	294150	Erythromycin and its derivatives; salts thereof
242	294190	Other
242	300110	Glands and other organs, dried, whether or not powdered
242	300120	Extracts of glands or other organs or of their secretions

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	300190	Other
242	300210	Antisera and other blood fractions and modified immunological products, whether or not obtained by means of biotechnological processes
242	300220	Vaccines for human medicine
242	300230	Vaccines for veterinary medicine
242	300290	Other
242	300310	Containing penicillins or derivatives thereof, with a penicillanic acid structure, or streptomycins or their derivatives
242	300320	Containing other antibiotics
242	300331	Containing insulin
242	300339	Other
242	300340	Containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof but not containing hormones or other products of heading 29.37 or antibiotics
242	300390	Other
242	300410	Containing penicillins or derivatives thereof, with a penicillanic acid structure, or streptomycins or their derivatives
242	300420	Containing other antibiotics
242	300431	Containing insulin
242	300432	Containing corticosteroid hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	300439	Other
242	300440	Containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof but not containing hormones, other products of heading 29.37 or antibiotics
242	300450	Other medicaments containing vitamins or other products of heading 29.36
242	300490	Other
242	300510	Adhesive dressings and other articles having an adhesive layer
242	300590	Other
242	300610	Sterile surgical catgut, similar sterile suture materials and sterile tissue adhesives for surgical wound closure; sterile laminaria and sterile laminaria tents; sterile absorbable surgical or dental haemostatics
242	300620	Bloodgrouping reagents
242	300630	Opacifying preparations for Xray examinations; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient
242	300640	Dental cements and other dental fillings; bone reconstruction cements
242	300650	Firstaid boxes and kits
242	300660	Chemical contraceptive preparations based on hormones, on other products of heading 29.37 or on spermicides
242	300680	Waste pharmaceuticals

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	152000	Glycerol, crude; glycerol waters and glycerol lyes.
242	290545	Glycerol
242	330300	Perfumes and toilet waters.
242	330410	Lip makeup preparations
242	330420	Eye makeup preparations
242	330430	Manicure or pedicure preparations
242	330491	Powders, whether or not compressed
242	330499	Other
242	330510	Shampoos
242	330520	Preparations for permanent waving or straightening
242	330530	Hair lacquers
242	330590	Other
242	330610	Dentifrices
242	330690	Other
242	330710	Preshave, shaving or aftershave preparations
242	330720	Personal deodorants and antiperspirants
242	330730	Perfumed bath salts and other bath preparations
242	330741	"Agarbatti" and other odoriferous preparations which operate by burning
242	330749	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	330790	Other
242	340111	For toilet use (including medicated products)
242	340119	Other
242	340120	Soap in other forms
242	340130	Organic surfaceactive products and preparations for washing the skin, in the form of liquid or cream and put up for retail sale, whether or not containing soap
242	340211	Anionic
242	340212	Cationic
242	340213	Non-ionic
242	340219	Other
242	340220	Preparations put up for retail sale
242	340290	Other
242	340410	Of chemically modified lignite
242	340420	Of poly(oxyethylene) (polyethylene glycol)
242	340490	Other
242	340510	Polishes, creams and similar preparations for footwear or leather
242	340520	Polishes, creams and similar preparations for the maintenance of wooden furniture, floors or other woodwork
242	340530	Polishes and similar preparations for coachwork, other than metal polishes

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	340540	Scouring pastes and powders and other scouring preparations
242	340590	Other
242	151800	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, boiled, oxidised, dehydrated, sulphurised, blown, polymerised by heat in vacuum or in inert gas or otherwise chemically modified, excluding those of heading 15.16; inedible mixtures or preparations of
242	300670	Gel preparations designed to be used in human or veterinary medicine as a lubricant for parts of the body for surgical operations or physical examinations or as a coupling agent between the body and medical instruments
242	321590	Other
242	330111	Of bergamot
242	330112	Of orange
242	330113	Of lemon
242	330114	Of lime
242	330119	Other
242	330121	Of geranium
242	330122	Of jasmin
242	330123	Of lavender or of lavandin
242	330124	Of peppermint (Mentha piperita)
242	330125	Of other mints

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	330126	Of vetiver
242	330129	Other
242	330130	Resinoids
242	330190	Other
242	330210	Of a kind used in the food or drink industries
242	330290	Other
242	340311	Preparations for the treatment of textile materials, leather, furskins or other materials
242	340319	Other
242	340391	Preparations for the treatment of textile materials, leather, furskins or other materials
242	340399	Other
242	340700	Modelling pastes, including those put up for children's amusement; preparations known as "dental wax" or as "dental impression compounds", put up in sets, in packings for retail sale or in plates, horseshoe shapes, sticks or similar forms; other preparati
242	350190	Other
242	350220	Milk albumin, including concentrates of two or more whey proteins
242	350290	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	350300	Gelatin (including gelatin in rectangular (including square) sheets, whether or not surfaceworked or coloured) and gelatin derivatives; isinglass; other glues of animal origin, excluding casein glues of heading 35.01.
242	350400	Peptones and their derivatives; other protein substances and their derivatives, not elsewhere specified or included; hide powder, whether or not chromed.
242	350520	Glues
242	350610	Products suitable for use as glues or adhesives, put up for retail sale as glues or adhesives, not exceeding a net weight of 1 kg
242	350691	Adhesives based on polymers of headings 39.01 to 39.13 or on rubber
242	350699	Other
242	360100	Propellent powders.
242	360200	Prepared explosives, other than propellent powders.
242	360300	Safety fuses; detonating fuses; percussion or detonating caps; igniters; electric detonators.
242	360410	Fireworks
242	360490	Other
242	370110	For Xray
242	370120	Instant print film

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	370130	Other plates and film, with any side exceeding 255 mm
242	370191	For colour photography (polychrome)
242	370199	Other
242	370210	For Xray
242	370220	Instant print film
242	370231	For colour photography (polychrome)
242	370232	Other, with silver halide emulsion
242	370239	Other
242	370241	Of a width exceeding 610 mm and of a length exceeding 200 m, for colour photography (polychrome)
242	370242	Of a width exceeding 610 mm and of a length exceeding 200 m, other than for colour photography
242	370243	Of a width exceeding 610 mm and of a length not exceeding 200 m
242	370244	Of a width exceeding 105 mm but not exceeding 610 mm
242	370251	Of a width not exceeding 16 mm and of a length not exceeding 14 m
242	370252	Of a width not exceeding 16 mm and of a length exceeding 14 m
242	370253	Of a width exceeding 16 mm but not exceeding 35 mm and of a length not exceeding 30 m, for slides

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	370254	Of a width exceeding 16 mm but not exceeding 35 mm and of a length not exceeding 30 m, other than for slides
242	370255	Of a width exceeding 16 mm but not exceeding 35 mm and of a length exceeding 30 m
242	370256	Of a width exceeding 35 mm
242	370291	Of a width not exceeding 16 mm
242	370293	Of a width exceeding 16 mm but not exceeding 35 mm and of a length not exceeding 30 m
242	370294	Of a width exceeding 16 mm but not exceeding 35 mm and of a length exceeding 30 m
242	370295	Of a width exceeding 35 mm
242	370310	In rolls of a width exceeding 610 mm
242	370320	Other, for colour photography (polychrome)
242	370390	Other
242	370710	Sensitising emulsions
242	370790	Other
242	380210	Activated carbon
242	380910	With a basis of amylaceous substances
242	380991	Of a kind used in the textile or like industries

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	380992	Of a kind used in the paper or like industries
242	380993	Of a kind used in the leather or like industries
242	381010	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials
242	381090	Other
242	381111	Based on lead compounds
242	381119	Other
242	381121	Containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
242	381129	Other
242	381190	Other
242	381210	Prepared rubber accelerators
242	381220	Compound plasticisers for rubber or plastics
242	381230	Antioxidising preparations and other compound stabilisers for rubber or plastics
242	381300	Preparations and charges for fire extinguishers; charged fire extinguishing grenades.
242	381511	With nickel or nickel compounds as the active substance

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	381512	With precious metal or precious metal compounds as the active substance
242	381519	Other
242	381590	Other
242	381700	Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkylnaphthalenes, other than those of heading 27.07 or 29.02.
242	381800	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers or similar forms; chemical compounds doped for use in electronics.
242	381900	Hydraulic brake fluids and other prepared liquids for hydraulic transmission, not containing or containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals.
242	382000	Antifreezing preparations and prepared deicing fluids.
242	382100	Prepared culture media for development of microorganisms.
242	382200	Diagnostic or laboratory reagents on a backing, prepared diagnostic or laboratory reagents whether or not on a backing, other than those of heading 30.02 or 30.06; certified reference materials.
242	382410	Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
242	382420	Naphthenic acids, their waterinsoluble salts and their esters
242	382430	Nonagglomerated metal carbides mixed together or with metallic binders
242	382440	Prepared additives for cements, mortars or concretes
242	382460	Sorbitol other than that of subheading 2905.44
242	382471	Containing acyclic hydrocarbons perhalogenated only with fluorine and chlorine
242	382479	Other
242	382490	Other
242	382510	Municipal waste
242	382520	Sewage sludge
242	382530	Clinical waste
242	382541	Halogenated
242	382549	Other
242	382550	Wastes of metal pickling liquors, hydraulic fluids, brake fluids and antifreeze fluids
242	382561	Mainly containing organic constituents
242	382569	Other
242	382590	Other
242	852311	Of a width not exceeding 4 mm

NIC 3 digit	6 digit HS 2002	Product Description (Hs2002)
Code	Code	
2242	852312	Of a width exceeding 4 mm but not exceeding 6.5 mm
242	852313	Of a width exceeding 6.5 mm
242	852320	Magnetic discs
242	852330	Cards incorporating a magnetic stripe
242	852390	Other
300	844312	Sheet fed, office type (sheet size not exceeding 22 x 36 cm)
300	846911	Wordprocessing machines
300	846912	Automatic typewriters
300	846920	Other typewriters, electric
300	846930	Other typewriters, nonelectric
300	847010	Electronic calculators capable of operation without an external source of electric power and pocketsize data recording, reproducing and displaying machines with calculating functions
300	847021	Incorporating a printing device
300	847029	Other
300	847030	Other calculating machines
300	847040	Accounting machines
300	847050	Cash registers
300	847090	Other
300	847110	Analogue or hybrid automatic data processing machines

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
300	847130	Portable digital automatic data processing machines, weighing not more than 10 kg, consisting of a least a central processing unit, a keyboard and a display
300	847141	Comprising in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit, whether or not combined
300	847149	Other, presented in the form of systems
300	847150	Digital processing units other than those of subheading 8471.41 or 8471.49, whether or not containing in the same housing one or two of the following types of unit: storage units, input units, output units
300	847160	Input or output units, whether or not containing storage units in the same housing
300	847170	Storage units
300	847180	Other units of automatic data processing machines
300	847190	Other
300	847210	Duplicating machines
300	847220	Addressing machines and address plate embossing machines
300	847230	Machines for sorting or folding mail or for inserting mail in envelopes or bands, machines for opening, closing or sealing mail and machines for affixing or cancelling postage stamps

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
300	847290	Other
300	847310	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 84.69
300	847321	Of the electronic calculating machines of subheading 8470.10, 8470.21 or 8470.29
300	847329	Other
300	847330	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 84.71
300	847340	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 84.72
300	847350	Parts and accessories equally suitable for use with machines of two or more of the headings 84.69 to 84.72
300	900911	Operating by reproducing the original image directly onto the copy (direct process)
300	900912	Operating by reproducing the original image via an intermediate onto the copy (indirect process)
300	900921	Incorporating an optical system
300	900922	Of the contact type
300	900930	Thermocopying apparatus
300	900991	Automatic document feeders
300	900992	Paper feeders
300	900993	Sorters
300	900999	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
319	842219	Other
319	850511	Of metal
319	850519	Other
319	850520	Electromagnetic couplings, clutches and brakes
319	850530	Electromagnetic lifting heads
319	850590	Other, including parts
319	851110	Sparking plugs
319	851120	Ignition magnetos; magnetodynamos; magnetic flywheels
319	851130	Distributors; ignition coils
319	851140	Starter motors and dual purpose startergenerators
319	851150	Other generators
319	851180	Other equipment
319	851190	Parts
319	851210	Lighting or visual signalling equipment of a kind used on bicycles
319	851220	Other lighting or visual signalling equipment
319	851230	Sound signalling equipment
319	851240	Windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters
319	851290	Parts
319	853010	Equipment for railways or tramways

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
319	853080	Other equipment
319	853090	Parts
319	853110	Burglar or fire alarms and similar apparatus
319	853120	Indicator panels incorporating liquid crystal devices (LCD) or light emitting diodes (LED)
319	853180	Other apparatus
319	853190	Parts
319	854311	Ion implanters for doping semiconductor materials
319	854319	Other
319	854320	Signal generators
319	854330	Machines and apparatus for electroplating, electrolysis or electrophoresis
319	854340	Electric fence energisers
319	854381	Proximity cards and tags
319	854389	Other
319	854390	Parts
319	854430	Ignition wiring sets and other wiring sets of a kind used in vehicles, aircraft or ships
319	854511	Of a kind used for furnaces
319	854519	Other
319	854520	Brushes

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
319	854590	Other
319	854690	Other
319	854790	Other
319	854890	Other
321	853210	Fixed capacitors designed for use in 50/60 Hz circuits and having a reactive power handling capacity of not less than 0.5 kvar (power capacitors)
321	853221	Tantalum
321	853222	Aluminium electrolytic
321	853223	Ceramic dielectric, single layer
321	853224	Ceramic dielectric, multilayer
321	853225	Dielectric of paper or plastics
321	853229	Other
321	853230	Variable or adjustable (preset) capacitors
321	853290	Parts
321	853310	Fixed carbon resistors, composition or film types
321	853321	For a power handling capacity not exceeding 20 W
321	853329	Other
321	853331	For a power handling capacity not exceeding 20 W
321	853339	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
321	853340	Other variable resistors, including rheostats and potentiometers
321	853390	Parts
321	853400	Printed circuits.
321	854011	Colour
321	854012	Black and white or other monochrome
321	854020	Television camera tubes; image converters and intensifiers; other photocathode tubes
321	854040	Data/graphic display tubes, colour, with a phosphor dot screen pitch smaller than 0.4 mm
321	854050	Data/graphic display tubes, black and white or other monochrome
321	854060	Other cathoderay tubes
321	854071	Magnetrons
321	854072	Klystrons
321	854079	Other
321	854081	Receiver or amplifier valves and tubes
321	854089	Other
321	854091	Of cathoderay tubes
321	854099	Other
321	854110	Diodes, other than photosensitive or light emitting diodes
321	854121	With a dissipation rate of less than 1 W
321	854129	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
321	854130	Thyristors, diacs and triacs, other than photosensitive devices
321	854140	Photosensitive semiconductor devices, including photovoltaic cells whether or not assembled in modules or made up into panels; light emitting diodes
321	854150	Other semiconductor devices
321	854160	Mounted piezoelectric crystals
321	854190	Parts
321	854210	Cards incorporating an electronic integrated circuit ("smart" cards)
321	854221	Digital
321	854229	Other
321	854260	Hybrid integrated circuits
321	854270	Electronic microassemblies
321	854290	Parts
323	851810	Microphones and stands therefor
323	851821	Single loudspeakers, mounted in their enclosures
323	851822	Multiple loudspeakers, mounted in the same enclosure
323	851829	Other
323	851830	Headphones and earphones, whether or not combined with a microphone, and sets consisting of a microphone and one or more loudspeakers

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
3323	851840	Audiofrequency electric amplifiers
323	851850	Electric sound amplifier sets
323	851890	Parts
323	851910	Coin or discoperated recordplayers
323	851921	Without loudspeaker
323	851929	Other
323	851931	With automatic record changing mechanism
323	851939	Other
323	851940	Transcribing machines
323	851992	Pocketsize cassetteplayers
323	851993	Other, cassettetype
323	851999	Other
323	852010	Dictating machines not capable of operating without an external source of power
323	852020	Telephone answering machines
323	852032	Digital audio type
323	852033	Other, cassettetype
323	852039	Other
323	852090	Other
323	852110	Magnetic tape-type
323	852190	Other
323	852210	Pick-up cartridges

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
323	852290	Other
323	852540	Still image video cameras and other video camera recorders; digital cameras
323	852712	Pocketsize radio cassetteplayers
323	852713	Other apparatus combined with sound recording or reproducing apparatus
323	852719	Other
323	852721	Combined with sound recording or reproducing apparatus
323	852729	Other
323	852731	Combined with sound recording or reproducing apparatus
323	852732	Not combined with sound recording or reproducing apparatus but combined with a clock
323	852739	Other
323	852790	Other apparatus
323	852812	Colour
323	852813	Black and white or other monochrome
323	852821	Colour
323	852822	Black and white or other monochrome
323	852830	Video projectors
323	852910	Aerials and aerial reflectors of all kinds; parts suitable for use therewith
323	852990	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
332	900110	Optical fibres, optical fibre bundles and cables
332	900120	Sheets and plates of polarising material
332	900130	Contact lenses
332	900140	Spectacle lenses of glass
332	900150	Spectacle lenses of other materials
332	900190	Other
332	900211	For cameras, projectors or photographic enlargers or reducers
332	900219	Other
332	900220	Filters
332	900290	Other
332	900311	Of plastics
332	900319	Of other materials
332	900390	Parts
332	900410	Sunglasses
332	900490	Other
332	900510	Binoculars
332	900580	Other instruments
332	900590	Parts and accessories (including mountings)
332	900610	Cameras of a kind used for preparing printing plates or cylinders

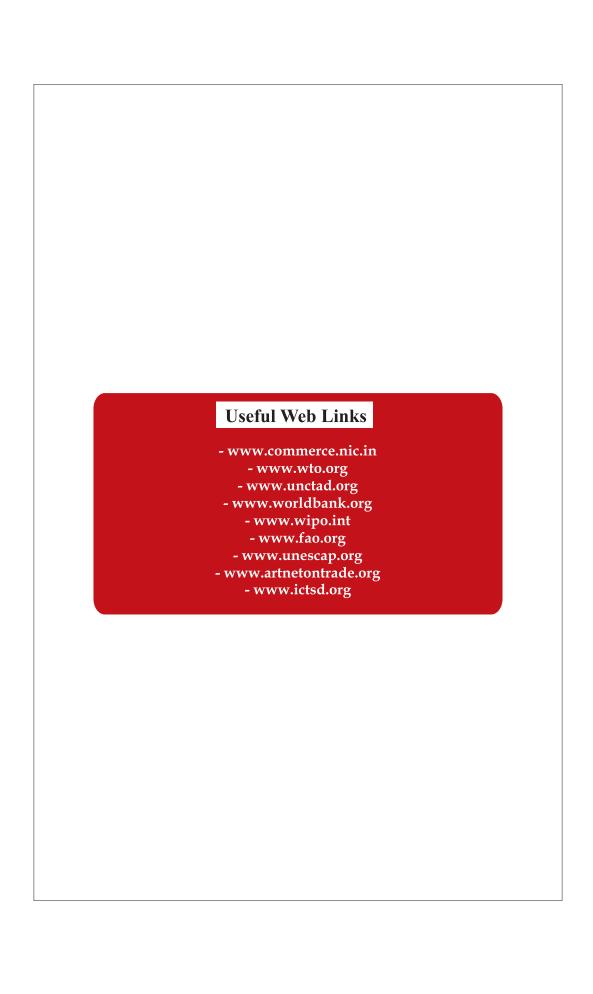
NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
332	900620	Cameras of a kind used for recording documents on microfilm, microfiche or other microforms
332	900630	Cameras specially designed for underwater use, for aerial survey or for medical or surgical examination of internal organs; comparison cameras for forensic or criminological purposes
332	900640	Instant print cameras
332	900651	With a throughthelens viewfinder (single lens reflex (SLR)), for roll film of a width not exceeding 35 mm
332	900652	Other, for roll film of a width less than 35 mm
332	900653	Other, for roll film of a width of 35 mm
332	900659	Other
332	900661	Discharge lamp ("electronic") flashlight apparatus
332	900669	Other
332	900691	For cameras
332	900699	Other
332	900711	For film of less than 16 mm width or for double8 mm film
332	900719	Other
332	900720	Projectors
332	900791	For cameras

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
332	900792	For projectors
332	900810	Slide projectors
332	900820	Microfilm, microfiche or other microform readers, whether or not capable of producing copies
332	900830	Other image projectors
332	900840	Photographic (other than cinematographic) enlargers and reducers
332	900890	Parts and accessories
332	901010	Apparatus and equipment for automatically developing photographic (including cinematographic) film or paper in rolls or for automatically exposing developed film to rolls of photographic paper
332	901041	Direct writeonwafer apparatus
332	901042	Step and repeat aligners
332	901049	Other
332	901050	Other apparatus and equipment for photographic (including cinematographic) laboratories; negatoscopes
332	901060	Projection screens
332	901090	Parts and accessories
332	901110	Stereoscopic microscopes
332	901120	Other microscopes, for photomicrography, cinephotomicrography or microprojection

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
332	901180	Other microscopes
332	901190	Parts and accessories
332	901310	Telescopic sights for fitting to arms; periscopes; telescopes designed to form parts of machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of this Chapter or Section XVI
332	901320	Lasers, other than laser diodes
332	901380	Other devices, appliances and instruments
332	901390	Parts and accessories
333	910111	With mechanical display only
333	910112	With optoelectronic display only
333	910119	Other
333	910121	With automatic winding
333	910129	Other
333	910191	Electrically operated
333	910199	Other
333	910211	With mechanical display only
333	910212	With optoelectronic display only
333	910219	Other
333	910221	With automatic winding
333	910229	Other
333	910291	Electrically operated
333	910299	Other

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
333	910310	Electrically operated
333	910390	Other
333	910400	Instrument panel clocks and clocks of a similar type for vehicles, aircraft, spacecraft or vessels.
333	910511	Electrically operated
333	910519	Other
333	910521	Electrically operated
333	910529	Other
333	910591	Electrically operated
333	910599	Other
333	910610	Timeregisters; timerecorders
333	910620	Parking meters
333	910690	Other
333	910700	Time switches with clock or watch movement or with synchronous motor.
333	910811	With mechanical display only or with a device to which a mechanical display can be incorporated
333	910812	With optoelectronic display only
333	910819	Other
333	910820	With automatic winding
333	910890	Other
333	910911	Of alarm clocks

NIC 3 digit Code	6 digit HS 2002 Code	Product Description (Hs2002)
333	910919	Other
333	910990	Other
333	911011	Complete movements, unassembled or partly assembled (movement sets)
333	911012	Incomplete movements, assembled
333	911019	Rough movements
333	911090	Other
333	911110	Cases of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal
333	911120	Cases of base metal, whether or not gold or silverplated
333	911180	Other cases
333	911190	Parts
333	911220	Cases
333	911290	Parts
333	911310	Of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal
333	911320	Of base metal, whether or not gold or silverplated
333	911410	Springs, including hairsprings
333	911420	Jewels
333	911430	Dials
333	911440	Plates and bridges
333	911490	Other



Other Publications of the Centre for WTO Studies

- FAQ on WTO Negotiations in Agriculture
- FAQ on WTO Negotiations in Non Agriculture Market Access (NAMA)
- FAQ on WTO Negotiations in Services
- FAQ on Geographical Indications
- FAQ on WTO Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures
- FAQ on WTO Agreement on Safeguards
- FAQ on WTO Compatibility of Border Trade Measures for Environmental Protection
- FAQ on Transfer of Technology in Environmentally Sound Technologies
- Review of Trade Policies of India's Major Trading Partners
- *Discussion Paper 1:* India's Duty Free Tariff Preference Scheme: Case Study for Select LDCs
- *Discussion Paper 2:* Cotton Production, Exports and Price: A Comparative Analysis of India and USA
- Discussion Paper 3: Study on Identification of Select Textile and Wool and Woollen Products Having Export Potential to Chile, Colombia and Peru
- *Discussion Paper 4:* Trade Facilitation in WTO and Beyond
- *Discussion Paper 5:* Agriculture under WTO Regime: Cross Country Analysis of Select Issues
- *Discussion Paper 6:* WTO Negotiations on Market Access on Environmental Goods: Identification of Existing NTMs on Proposed Items
- *Discussion Paper 7:* Implications of Fishery Sector Subsidies: A Review of Issues in Light of WTO Negotiations
- Bimonthly newsmagazine titled 'India, WTO and Trade Issues'

All the above publications are available on the website of the Centre for WTO Studies, http://wtocentre.iift.ac.in

ABOUT THE AUTHOR



Shri Rajan Sudesh Ratna has joined the Centre for WTO Studies, Indian Institute of Foreign Trade in June 2008 as Professor. He has been handling the research works relating to Agriculture, NAMA, Trade and Environment, SPS and TBT issues. He also handles the

work of training and outreach programmes for the Centre. He has written several papers on matters relating to trade policy especially on FTAs, South – South Trade, Rules of Origin, SPS issues, Trade and Gender etc. He has also made numerous presentations during consultations with stakeholders in India as well as during his participation in National Seminars and International Conferences.

Professor Ratna belongs to Indian Trade Service (1987 Batch), a specialized service in the Government of India dealing with matters of international trade policy formulation and implementation. In his earlier assignment, he had worked at various levels in the Department of Commerce. He has handled the trade negotiations relating to Regional Trade Agreements of India as well WTO related issues. He was associated with formulating India's Duty Free Tariff Preference Scheme.

Professor Ratna has done M.Sc. from Banaras Hindu University and M.Phil. from Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi. He has also done courses on Foreign Trade Policy from Indian Institute of Foreign Trade and on Negotiating Strategy from Harvard University, Boston, USA.